1917 APRIL 1917

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30					

St. Cloud, the Wonder City, Progressive, Practical, Patriotic, Prosperous. Come and See.

St. Cloud Tribune

VOL. 7, No. 34. EIGHT PAGES THIS WEEK. ST. CLOUD, OSCEOLA COUNTY, FLORIDA, THURSDAY, APRIL 19, 1917. $2.00 PER YEAR. FIVE CENTS THE COPY.

ST. CLOUD TEMPERATURE

Date	Max.	Min.
Apr 12	83	59
Apr 13	80	63
Apr 14	79	60
Apr 15	82	50
Apr 16	84	63
Apr 17	83	60
Apr 18	83	64

ST. CLOUD DEVELOPMENT COMPANY EXHIBITS FLORIDA PRODUCTS

Florida Should Feed Its Own People and Also Contribute to the Nation's Needs

Ever since it became apparent that the world was facing a scarcity of food products for the coming year, the Tribune has labored in season and out of season to impress upon its readers the absolute necessity of every individual's doing his utmost to increase the necessities of life. Not that we have been alone in this, nor have we labored singly. Government officials, from the head of the agricultural department, down to the humblest county agent, have labored unceasingly and untiringly to the same end. They were the first, of course, to foresee the coming of the squeeze and lost no time in putting the nation on notice, through the press and otherwise, of the necessity for the utmost conservation of the resources we have, and the importance of increasing those resources in every possible way. The press of the country has aided in this crusade against extravagance and waste, and in favor of conservation. If the pinch actually comes the people can only blame their own carelessness and improvidence.

In another column we publish a statement from Washington that the coming wheat crop promises to be 50,000,000 bushels short; from abroad comes the announcement that the world's crop will be 150,000,000 bushels short. These facts are of startling significance in view of the fact that we are facing a great war, with its enormous demands for all kinds of food stuffs. Our soldiers, and those of our allies must be fed, even though the stay-at-homes suffer. An army moves upon its belly, said the great Napoleon. On another page will be found the statement of a "potato king," of Colorado, that the potato crop of 1916 was only sufficient to allow one potato every three days to each inhabitant of the United States. Today our potato growers are amassing wealth shipping potatoes to northern markets at unprecedented prices.

It follows that the South must feed itself, and if there is any part of the South that can do that it is the state of Florida. Indeed it is asserted with great show of truth that the millions of idle acres in Florida would grow food enough for the nation if they were improved and cultivated. But enough of them are under cultivation to materially assist the situation. We may not raise wheat, but we can raise corn, and that is a good substitute. In fact there are very few food products that we cannot grow successfully.

The St. Cloud Development Co. is making an exhibit of products grown in and about St. Cloud. This exhibit is an extremely interesting one, and demonstrates that all varieties of food and forage plants can be grown here successfully.

Mr. James M. Johnston, manager of the St. Cloud Development Company, states that it is his desire and intention to keep this exhibit of products grown in and about St. Cloud, up all the year, and in order to do this he must have the assistance of the people who grow the products. It is impossible for Mr. Johnston to get around and see each party growing truck and other farm products, and so he must rely upon the parties growing same to either bring the same to his office or let him know of the same and he will call for it. This is the best advertising that can be done in the city and should be carried on as has been done through the winter.

The following persons have contributed to the exhibit:

Mrs. E. E. Williams, residing on the Sugar Plantation, near the St. Cloud Canal, presented some fine rutabagas grown in her garden.

Mr. W. D. Rouse presented some of the prettiest roses that we have seen, and also a fine large potato from his garden.

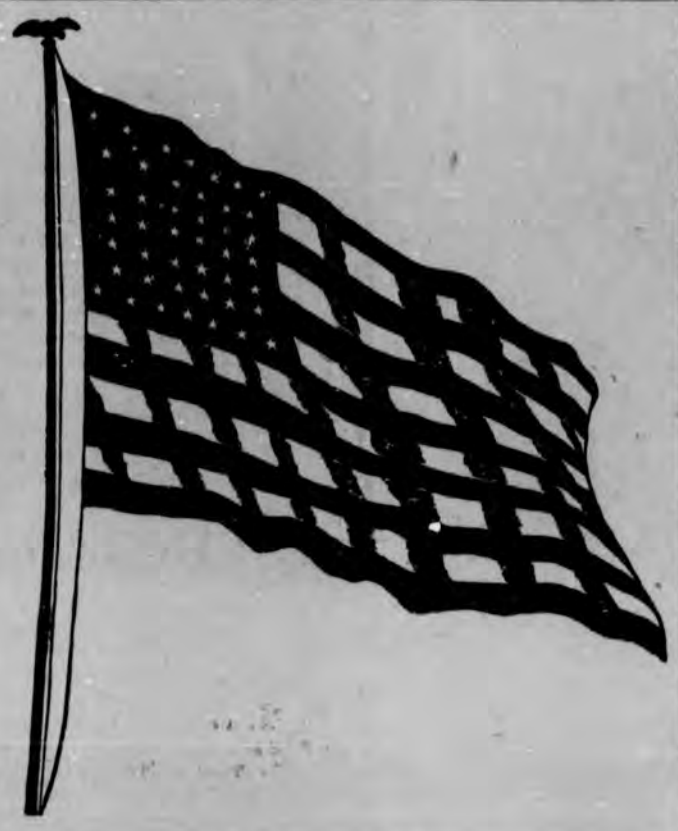
Mr. J. H. Keal, of Kissimmee Park, presented some fine onions grown by him on the Riggan Farm at Kissimmee Park.

Mrs. Worrill presented some dasheens grown in her garden in this city.

Mr. E. A. Nelson presented a fine bunch of oats grown on his farm at the edge of the city.

Mr. G. Prather presented a fine

(Continued on page 4)



The Blue and the Gray

A SOUTHERN VOLUNTEER

Yes sir, I fought with Stonewall,
And faced the fight with Lee;
But if this here Union goes to war,
Make one more gun for me!
I didn't shrink from Sherman
As he galloped to the sea;
But if this here Union goes to war,
Make one more gun for me!

I was with 'em at Manassas—
The bully boys in gray;
I heard the thunders roarin'
Round Stonewall Jackson's way,
And many a time this sword of mine
Has blazed the way for Lee;
But if this old nation goes to war,
Make one more gun for me!

I'm not so full o' fightin
Nor half so full o' fun,
As I was back in the sixties
When I shouldered my old gun;
It may be that my hair is white—
Such things you know must be,
But if this old Union goes to war,
Make one more gun for me!

I hain't forgot my raisin'—
Nor how in sixty-two,
Or thereabout with battle shouts,
I charged the Boys in Blue;
And I say; I fought with Stonewall,
And blazed the way for Lee;
If this old Union's in for war, ?
Make one more gun for me!

—Atlanta Constitution.

HIS NORTHERN BROTHER

Just make it two, old fellow,
I want to stand once more
Beneath the old flag with you
As in the days of yore
Our fathers stood together
And fought on land and sea
The battles fierce that made us
A nation of the free.

I whipped you down at Vicksburg,
You licked me at Bull Run;
On many a field we struggled
When neither victory won.
You wore the gray of Southland,
I wore the Northern blue;
Like men we did our duty
When screaming bullets flew.

Four years we fought like devils,
But when the war was done
Your hand in mine in friendly clasp
Our two hearts beat as one;
And now when dangers threaten,
No North, no South we know,
Once more we stand together
To fight the common foe.

My head, like yours, is frosty—
Old age is creeping on;
Life's sun ' lower sinking
My day will soon be gone.
But if our country's honor
Needs once again her son,
I'm ready, too, old fellow—
So get another gun.

—Minneapolis Journal.

MEETING OF CITIZENS PROTESTS THE ACT OF THE COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD

Feel Sorely Aggrieved at Location of New School Building on the East Side of the City

A call was made last week for a mass meeting to protest against the location of the proposed new school building on the east side of town, in close proximity to the present school building. Many citizens of the West Side felt that they had not been treated justly in the selection of a site, hence the call.

The meeting was called to order in the G. A. R. Hall at 9 a. m., on Monday last. There was quite a large attendance, including a number of ladies.

The meeting organized by selecting Wm. Hall as chairman, and E. E. Scranton as secretary, and was opened for remarks.

Speeches were made by Mr. McNew, Capt. Farris, E. E. Scranton, Dr. E. G. Farris, Geo. Brinkerhoff, a lady whose name we did not learn, Mr. Daugherty, the Rev. Melmaker and others. The speakers were all strongly opposed to the erection of another building on the East side, some expressing the opinion that the local board had exceeded its authority in purchasing a site on the East side, and claiming that the matter should have been put to a vote of the citizens.

At this juncture County Superintendent C. E. Yowell appeared and was asked to address the meeting. He expressed his surprise at finding that there was any dissatisfaction with the action of the county board, saying that it had acted on the recommendation of the local board, and supposed the action would be pleasing to the people of St. Cloud. He stated that the number of teachers in the St. Cloud schools was greater than in other schools in the county, being eleven teachers to 256 pupils. Asked if it were possible for the county board to rescind its action, he expressed some doubt, saying that the board has made terms which it might not be possible to change.

A committee on resolutions was appointed consisting of Capt. Farris, C. H. Yeager, and Capt. Sheldon. They submitted the following report:

Be it resolved that we, citizens of St. Cloud, Osceola County, Florida, do earnestly protest the action of the school commissioners in placing our new school site on the east side of the city, leaving our children on the west side without any school closer than one and one-half miles, therefore be it

Resolved, we the undersigned citizens, in mass meeting assembled, do hereby remonstrate against placing an additional school building on the east side of the city of St. Cloud, and respectfully request that the location be left to a vote of the citizens of St. Cloud.

The report was adopted unanimously.

Moved and carried: That a committee of five, two of whom shall be ladies, be appointed to wait upon the County School board in reference to the matter. The chair appointed:

Wm. Hall, Capt. J. F. Farris, E. R. Wetherbee, Mrs. Metzgar, Mrs. C.S. Cooper.

Moved that the minutes of this meeting be published in the St. Cloud Tribune. Motion carried.

There being no further business the meeting adjourned subject to the call of the chairman.

E. E. Scranton, Sec.

TRIPLETT BACK FROM TALLAHASSEE

Mr. S. J. Triplett, acting president of the Florida Press Association, spent several days of last week at Tallahassee attending a meeting of the executive committee of the association and looking after the interests of the body generally. Matters of importance to the press of the state are coming up at this session of the legislature and require attention.

In this connection it might be well to call attention of the editors of the state to the fact that the meeting of the Press Association will be held at Jacksonville, June 28 to 30. This will be a very important meeting for the state press and it is hoped that the attendance may be large. The meetings will be for business purposes strictly, and all outside matters will be eliminated.

HOG CHOLERA BREAKS OUT IN SEVERAL PLACES IN THE COUNTY

County Demonstration Agent Evans Sounds Note of Warning to Stock Raisers, Recommends Inoculation

County Demonstration Agent B. E. Evans called at the Tribune office Tuesday, bringing with him the unwelcome news of an out break of hog cholera in several places in Osceola county. The terribly disastrous effect of this disease should it become epidemic, upon the hog industry can hardly be overestimated. Whole herds are likely to be decimated if not entirely wiped out. At the present price of hogs and with the general scarcity of food stuffs, such an event would be a great calamity.

It behooves every hog owner to watch his stock closely, and if possible arrange for frequent inspection by Agent Evans. Do not wait for the disease to make its appearance, but hae your hogs inoculated as soon as possible, and thus render them immune. County Agent Evans' letter follows:

Editor Tribune,—

Hog cholera, the most dreaded disease of the hog industry, has broken out in several places in this county and unless eradication measures are taken at once severe losses may be caused.

They recommended treatment for the control of hog cholera is the inoculation method. If you are interested see me and will be glad to explain the three methods of inoculation.

With hogs selling at from $12 to $15 per hundred, live weight, the cost of material for inoculation is very small.

B. E. Evans.
County Demonstration Agent.

EVANGELISTIC MEETINGS

Sunday, Mrs. Mable Quam Stevens, who conducted evangelistic meetings here in December, 1915, will come again for a two-weeks revival meeting. The church has been enlarged and will accommodate all who can come, and a cordial invitation is extended to all the people of St. Cloud to join with us in doing what good we can during these meetings. The first meeting will be a sun-rise prayer meeting Sunday morning, at 5:30, at the church. Remember the date of beginning, April 22nd, and plan your work so as to be present at all the services you possibly can. Those who have heard Mrs. Stevens will be anxious to help and such can enlist the services of others. —G. H. Northrop, Pastor.

ST. CLOUD NOBLY RESPONDS TO THE COUNTRY'S CALL FOR VOLUNTEERS

Eight Patriotic Young Men Fall in Line For the Defense of the Country and the Flag

St. Cloud was honored last Saturday by the presence of a recruiting officer from the United States army, Mr. G. L. Smith. Mr. Smith spent the day here and when he left at night took with him eight of the city's young men, whose patriotism led them to sign up to fight for the flag if need comes. In his work he was greatly assisted by Postmaster J. [illegible] Johnston, who made him acquainted with many young men. Mr. Smith expressed himself as greatly gratified at the result of his work, which exceeded his expectations. He will return later, as he has several more recruits in prospect.

The officer left for Jacksonville with the boys on Saturday night's train. There they will be subjected to a military examination and if they pass will be sent to Fort Scriven, Georgia, to receive their training as soldiers.

The young men who will carry the name and fame of St. Cloud to the front are:

ROLL OF HONOR

Evan L. Mackafee.
Earl E. Schofield.
Walter L. French.
Otto R. Bleech.
Isaac C. Coates.
Clinton I. Jeffers.
George B. Jeffers.
Clifford E. Mackafee.

S. L. Rowe and wife, who have been spending the winter in St. Cloud, left Tuesday for Milford, Mich. They will return next fall.

SALE OF THE J. A. BLACKWELL PROPERTY AT ASHTON STATION

An Important Real Estate Deal Made Through the S. W. Porter Agency--An Ohio Lady the Purchaser

During the season just coming to a close many big deals have been made in real estate in and around St. Cloud, and in almost every one of them Mr. S. W. Porter, our progressive, wide-awake and capable real estate and insurance agent, has figured to a more or less extent, but the sale of the J. A. Blackwell property, at Ashton, during the past week, to a lady whose home is in Ohio but who has spent the winters here, leads all the rest.

This property comprises one hundred and twenty acres, on which is a handsome two-story building, all the necessary outbuildings, a ten-acre orange grove in full bearing and about fifteen acres additional all cleared and the ground in perfect condition for planting splendid crops of vegetables, watermelons, corn, cassava, potatoes and hay, having for years been grown.

This princely estate lies drectly at Ashton, in fact the dwelling is but one hundred yards from the depot, and the property is bounded on the east by the famous Shaker-colony lands, which have been and are producing crops of pineapples, bananas and vegetables of every character of such magnitude as to startle the most pronounced optimist of this most wonderful state.

It is understood that the new purchaser will develop the entire tract and bring every acre into cultivaton of some one of the many substantial crops so necessary to the care and comfort of humankind, especially during these times when millions of men are lying in the trenches of Europe who must be fed by American farmers.

Mr. Porter is to be congratulated on inducing this most estimable lady to become one of us, and all St. Cloud joins in the hope and wish that many more who are now suffering from the wintry winds that blow from across a thousand miles of snow and ice to freeze the marrow in their bones and make life nothing short of a nightmare tormented existence, will come here where a haven of rest, peaceful, quiet, happy, contented rest awaits them every day in the year, where sleep is made dreamless by the gentle breezes that ever blow from off our lake and the sweet-song of the mocking bird awakens them at the dawn of day.

PLUMBING

You Can Tell

good plumbing when you have it; and you can tell poor plumbing all the quicker. When we complete a job everything works exactly right. Of course it takes care and skill to maintain the standard of plumbing excellence that we do, but it pays in the long run in the way of reputation that will eventually win you over to us.

Walter Harris

New York Ave. ST. CLOUD, FLA.

St. Cloud, Fla.

Ho for the land of Florida!
'Tis there I long to be.
Land of the waving palm,
Land of the cypress tree;
Sun-kissed,
Wave-kissed,
Lying by the sea.

By the quiet, Sleeping Tiger,
Rests a city young and proud;
Justly proud, of high endeavor,
And with excellence endowed.
Youthful city!
Wonder City!
Model City of St. Cloud.

City where the sturdy veterans
Now are resting from their strife;
Who in the hour of stress and storm
Did save the nation's life.

No more for them the bugle calls,
To the stern war's rebuff;
Fanned by ozone-laden breezes,
Born from the ocean gulf.

Fair Southland, where perennial flowers
Are ever blooming free;
Where'er is heard the drowsy hum
Of the honey-laden bee;
And where the night bird's song of praise
By orange grove and lake;
Within the spell-enraptured soul
Responsive echoes wake.
There, neath the dark and stately pine
That lifts its branches high,
In thy fair land, Oh Florida!
There would I live and die.

'Tis there beneath thy sunny skies;
It's there I long to be.
Sun-kissed land,
Wave-kissed land,
Lying by the sea.

—Pliny B. Henley.

Lovell, Me.

ODD FELLOWS HOLD DISTRICT MEETING AT ORLANO

The New Temple Pronounced One Of the Best In the State

The district meeting held in the New Fraternity Hall, Orlando, by the I. O. O. F., on April 5th, was largely attended. Representatives came from Kissimmee Lodge No. 74, as follows: Joe Jeffords, E. E. Magee, C. F. Thrash, Tom Woodall, J. Goodman, G. D. Boon. Kissimmee Rebekkah G. D. Boon. Kissimmee Rebekkah Lodge No. 42, sent two sisteds, Mrs. Mary Summers, N. G.; Mrs. C. F. Thrasher, Chaplain. St. Cloud No 66 had seven of their brothers in line, J. E. Rowland, A. F. McLeans, D. C. Bower, J. L. Hargrave, J. D. Hams, J. H. DeGraw and O. J. Demmon. Ocoee and Eustis lodges showed up with members, also Sanford lodge. These, added to the strong home delegation of No. 20, Encampment No. 13, and the Orlando Rebekkahs, comprised a goodly concourse of people, all eager to receive and participate in the work of instruction and in conferring the third degree on the Rev. Brother McConnell and Brother W. J. Spalden. The work was exemplified by the help of stereopticon views and was ipressively and perfectly rendered by the degree team of Orlando Lodge No. 20.

The Odd Fellows are justly proud of the new Fraternity building, which they own jointly with the Knights of Pythias and Redmen, as it is pronounced by all to be one of the finest, most convenient and up-to-date fraternity temples in our state.

The meeting was honored with out-of-state Odd Fellows, some of whom were of very old standing in the order. Brother H. E. Swabey expressed himself as highly pleased with Orlando No. 20's present surroundings and as he joined Bay View Lodge No. 109, of Redwood City, Cal., in 1876, being the centennial member in the centennial year, he has had quite an opportunity of judging Odd Fellows under good and bad conditions.

The Rebekkahs did themselves proud and the dainties they distributed were highly appreciated by the brothers, also their kindly smiles. Brother E. E. Magee had a coming appetite and managed to stow away three large helpings of ice cream, and although somewhat puffed up the morning after, those who know him well predict he will soon be himself again and in a fit condition to attend the Grand Lodge on April 15th, at Ocala.

We noted with pleasure Orlando Lodge No. 20 is still growing, also that Seminole Encampment No. 13, also of Orlando, has new applications for membership. Remember, brothers, although the subordinate lodge is good, the Encampment is still better, therefore keep on climbing. There is room in Sanford for a strong encampment. Get busy. H. E. S.

SCALDS, GALLS, SCRATCHES, SORES, HURTS, SCREW WORMS

To make the best cure for such troubles, buy a pint of linseed oil, if you prefer a healing oil, or a pound of hog lard or vaseline if you want a salve, and add a 50c bottle of Farris Healing Remedy. It simply can't be beat by any salve or liniment made. And see what you get—a full pint for not over 60 cents. Farrise Healing Remedy is sold by us on the Money Back Plan.—H. C. Hartley.

LETTER ABOUT ST. CLOUD THAT APPEARED IN A NORTHERN PAPER

St. Cloud Makes Him Think of An Old Soldiers' Reunion Back Home

St. Cloud, Fla., March 5, 1917.

Friend and Comrade Bent:—

It is two months since I left Morrison for the South, seeking bodily comort in a warmer clime, which is found in Central Florida more uniformly the year round than anywhere else in the United States, is my judgment from personal experience of a half dozen winters and one summer spent in the state.

The first month on reaching Florida was spent in Lake county, where for eighteen years I had owned land and a home, where we had come several times for health's sake for some one of the family, being benefited each time. On these several trips we had made many acquaintances, few of whom are hereabouts now. Some have died, others have gone elsewhere. A new and different people have come in. Even the appearance of the country is much changed in the past 22 years (for my first time to Florida was that long ago, at the time of the "big freeze," as the inhabitants now speak of it, and big it was, for it killed nearly all citrus trees to the ground as large as cherry trees in the North of 20 years' growth.

There have been frosts and lesser degrees of cold at times since, of slighter injury, until the first week of February, 1917, when for five days in succession ice formed on still water and much damage and great loss has resulted, as about one-half of the orange crop had not been gathered. In some favored localities the oranges are not a total loss and these are now being shipped in varying stages of goodness to northern markets, so if any Illinois friends find the late Florida oranges not up to standard they may know the reason; for in my judgment the Florida grapefruit and oranges are superior to others grown elsewhere, where they have not been hurt by freeze. Truck gardeners were also hit hard. Replanting is under way and crops will be less and late. Ripe strawberries are showing from new bloom, as they are usually bearing for three months of winter here. As the plant starts a stem the blossom comes and then the berry, just one to a stem, close to the ground, under the leaves of the plant.

At the time of my first visit to the state the country was generally well covered with large pitch pine trees, with very little undergrowth, so one could drive in any direction through these woods about as well as one could cross Illinois prairies before they were broken. All is now changed, for about twenty years ago came the turpentine and rosin interests that bled the big pines for their gum which drains the life of a tree in five to eight years.

Then came the lumber mill, turning these partly dead trees into lumber, which is bought in large tracts at from $3 to $5 an acre, according to size and number of trees standing on an acre. Following these lumbermen the fires yearly swept over the lands, destroying the brush and tops, leaving a desolate waste region, which is generally bought up in large tracts by speculator for about the original government price, when not obtained at tax sales. Then these lands are put on the market through advertising land agencies and sold the northern tenderfoot in small lots of 5 to 40 acres at $25 to $50 an acre, according to the convincing ability of said land agent or gullibility of the purchaser.

Washington's birthday I was in Eustis, where a large crowd gathered to celebrate the day, to see the grand parade in a long line of decorated autos and its costumed occupants, and to witness a boat regatta and motor boat speed contest. At Lake Eldorado, near Eustis, in the home of J. F. Eaton, promoter of Natal grass, which is proving a successful hay crop. Mr. and Mrs. Eaton were last summer guests of the Wilkinsons of Morrisson. His survey stakes outline large holdings of land in Lake county.

Leaving Eustis I came to Orlando and attended the Five County Fair, which was a credit to the counties interested in its various exhibits, not the least of which were poultry and blooded cattle and swine. The cattle would please Norrish, and the hogs, Hampshires especially, Goodenough and others who like to see good stock and well kept.

Orlando, to my mind, with its miles of brick pavements, cement walks, shaded by its large live oaks and other trees, its nearby lakes whose shores have been improved and surrounded with walks and electric lights, and with a population of 10,000, make it the finest residence city I have yet visited in Central Florida.

At Kissimmee I called at the home of Donald McKay, had dinner with his wife and younger children, there met his mother, Mrs. Kate Ackerman, of Malvern, Longanecker, Teddy McKee and other Whiteside people are at K. Dell Gould, ex-policeman of Sterling, with wife, had just left before my arrival.

St. Cloud is nine miles east of Kissimmee, on reaching which I got forwarded mail to learn Heaton and Hall had been in Orlando on their way to Jacksonville and home, as I was going farther south in the state. I felt vexed that we did not meet and say hello. It was a mistake they did not come here, when passing so near this town of only seven years development.

Selah Farwell, who went into service from Round Grove, and wife, arrived there the same week I came, I have called on Chalkley John and Chas. Birdsall, both Whiteside county boys and past 80. They are year-round residents, living in their own homes, and think this climate extends their life lease. Both send remembrance to Whiteside friends, and Chalkley mentions especially Editor Bent and Frank Ramsey, who, he say, are two of the best citizens of Morrisson with whom he is acquainted.

I have now been at St. Cloud a week and am well and enjoying my stay very much. There are so many comrades on the streets every day it maks one think there is an old soldiers' and W. R. C. reunion being held. There are more elderly people and gray heads than can be seen elsewhere, and there is a greeting and a cheer and friendly lines among them that can't be found outside the G. A. R. organization.

There seem to be places to feed and house the transients and tourist at varying prices, according to location, accommodations and surroundings. I am well pleased with mine on Florida avenue, with room and board at $1 per day. There are rooms and furnished cottages for rent where light housekeeping may be done, the New St. Cloud hotel, (three times the capacity of the Whiteside) and several lesser ones at varying prices.

The 7-year old town is located on level ground, beside a nearly round lake, which is about seven miles in diameter. The railroad runs east and west through the center of the town, which is about two miles long, on both sides of the track, and about one mile wide, regularly laid out by the North Star. There are good houses and many lesser cottages, occupied by owners.

I have not decided how long I may remain in St. Cloud and perhaps may go on to Tampa and St. Petersburg for a time, so it may be June before I am in Morristown again.—C. W. Mitchell, in Morrisson (Ill.) Whiteside Sentinel.

Orders Promptly Attended to Auto Hearse Open Day and Night

C. E. CARLSON

Funeral Director and Embalmer

ST. CLOUD, FLORIDA

Office and Residence Phone 60 Massachusetts Ave. and 11th St.

OFFICIAL MINUTES OF COUNCIL MEETING

April 9, 1917.

Council met in regular session with Levi Shambow presiding, and A. G. Durham, D. H. Gill, F. B. Kenney, Z. T. McClay and N. H. Washburn present.

Reports of collector and city clerk read, and upon motion by Durham, seconded by McClay, these reports were placed on file.

Bonds of mayor, collector, treasurer and clerk presented. Moved by Kenney, seconded by Gill, that the bonds be accepted and placed on file. All yea.

Communication from Mr. Geo. P. Arrowsmith in reference to taxes on property owned by Mrs. Atwood was referred to assessor and collector.

Estimate No. 4 by Engineer Ginn read. Moved by Gill, seconded by Kenney, that the records be accepted and placed on file and warrants for the various accounts be drawn and rotdreerfXkrr refeenadoptedVBd referred to the bond trustees. All yea.

Moved by Kenney, seconded by Washburn, that Mr. Gill be elected President pro tem of the council. All yea.

President Shambow appointed Wm. Montsdoca marshal. Moved by Gill, seconded by McClay, that the appointment be approved. All yea.

Superintendent of Streets Washburn appointed W. H. Millsom chief of the fire department.

Council suggested that the Boy Scouts act with the fire chief in the capacity of fire department. Scout Master Paul Northrop stated to the council that the Boy Scouts had considered the matter of assisting the fire chief and that they would be glad to do so.

Moved by Washburn, seconded by McClay, that the telephone used by the former chief be transferred to the new chief, W. H. Millsom. All yea.

Moved by McClay, seconded by Durham, that the city pay one-half of phone rent for the marshal. All yea.

Proposition of opening alleys through all blocks in the city where no alleys exist was discussed.

Moved by Durham, seconded by McClay, that the clerk be instructed to secure forms of quit claim deeds and obtain deeds from property owners who are willing to give six feet of the lots for alleys through the section where improvements are being made. All yea.

Moved and seconded that contract for constructing sidewalk along lots 5, 6 and 7, block 193, and lot 12, block 243, be awarded to M. Nourse. Motion carried.

Moved by Washburn, seconded by Durham, that the matter of sidewalk on Minnesota avenue be laid over for investigation by the superintendent of streets. All yea.

Moved by McClay, seconded by Kenney, that the following bills be allowed:

C. J. Rothrock, sidewalk corners	14.40
Geo. J. Clark, park contract	6.00
Am. Can Co., add machine	3.00
Wm. Montsdoca, salary	70.00
L. W. Farris, salary	50.00
O. L. Buckmaster, do	16.67
J. I. Cummings, do	16.67
Levi Shambow, do	8.34
D. H. Gill, do	60.00
F. B. Kenney, do	64.23
Kinzie Partin, do	45.00
G. S. Jones, do	40.00
John Fleming, do	45.00
H. A. Sheldon, elect. insp.	2.00
W. C. Russell, do	2.00
G. C. Outlaw, do	2.00
W. F. McEndree, spec. police	2.40
H. C. Hartley, supplies	6.24
W. B. Makinson, do	2.50
Kissy Tel. Co	4.10
A. U. Cooley, cem. work	3.00
W. R. Babcock, strt. wrk	8.40
Chas. Peterson, do	2.10
Wm. Montsdoca, pound fees	13.00

Roll call, all yea.

Moved and seconded to recess until April 11, 1917, 3 p. m. All yea.

Levi Shambow,
Attest: Prest. Council.
Fred B. Kenney, City Clerk.

Minutes of April 11, 1917.

Council met in regular session with Levi Shambow presiding and A. G. Durham, D. H. Gill, F. B. Kenney, Z. T. McClay and N. H. Washburn present.

Engineer Ginn read report of estimated cost and valuation of property included in the electric light plant owned by the St. Cloud Public Utilities Co., the estimtaed value being $8,131.28.

Moved by Gill, seconded by McClay, that the matter of purchasing electric light plant be laid over until next regular meeting. All yea.

Moved by Gill, seconded by Kenney, that Mr. J. I. Cummings be authorized to transfer the city funds to A. G. Durham. All yea.

Bids by W. W. Haley for cleaning lots was referred to superintendent of streets.

Moved by Gill, seconded by McClay, that clerk correspond with the Department of the Interior with reference to rights of the city on the lake front. All yea.

Moved by Durham, seconded by Gill, that the engineer and superintendent of streets make an estimate of streets that should be graded. All yea.

Moved by Kenney, seconded by Gill, that the following bills be allowed.

A. U. Cooley, cem. wrk	3.00
Seminole Land Co, payment on city building	300.00

Roll call, all yea.

Moved and seconded to recess until 4 p. m., April 13th, 1917.

Levi Shambow,
Attest: Prest. Council.
Fred B. Kenney, City Clerk.

BUS LINE

BAILEY'S TRANSFER CO.

TO KISSIMMEE	TO ST. CLOUD
Lv St. Cloud 8:00 a.m.	Lv Kissimmee 10:00 a.m.
Lv St. Cloud 11:45 a.m.	Lv Kissimmee 1:00 p.m.
Lv St. Cloud 1:00 p.m.	Lv Kissimmee 2:30 p.m.
Lv St. Cloud 5:30 p.m.	Lv Kissimmee 7:30 p.m.

PHONES MARINE'S DRUG STORE 51 JOHN F. BAILEY 88 CLARENCE BAILEY 77

Bailey's Transfer Co.

FREE!

THIS WEEK

2--Pairs Ladies' or Men's Silk Hose--2

Remember we give coupons with duplicate number and the duplicate is placed in a box and Saturday night at 8 o'clock we will have a little girl to draw three numbers from this box the first number drawn will be good for one pair of Dollar Silk Hose, 2nd number drawn will be good for one pair of 60c Fibertex Silk Hose and 3rd number out will be good for one 25c Handkerchief. NEXT WEEK WE WILL HAVE THREE MORE NICE ARTICLES FOR DISTRIBUTION. Hold your coupons and be on hand Saturday night and see who are the lucky ones.

H. C. STANFORD CO.

New York Ave. Next to Big Hotel

Seaman's Sightseeing Autos

Special Rates to Orlando for Tourists
Parties from One to Fifteen Solicited

210 So. Pennsylvania Ave. Phone 2

Our National Strength

The Nation's might is influenced by its every citizen. Patriotism is for all.

And one of its practical forms is intelligent, individual effort that develops collective financial strength—so important a factor in National Supremacy.

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The Officers of this Institution stand for AMERICA FIRST—and all the time.

A safety deposit box in our fire and burglar proof vault is the most secure place for your valuables.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF ST. CLOUD
ST. CLOUD FLORIDA

A. E. DONEGAN, President — A. W. GUSTUS, Cashier

OFFICIAL MINUTES OSCEOLA CO. BOARD OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

Kissimmee, April 2, 1917.

The School Board met in regular session, there being present W. C. Bass, chairman; W. R. Lanier, and John H. Baisden; also C. E. Yowell, superintendent.

Minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

The State Bank of Kissimmee, the county school depository, reported as follows:

General School Fund

Balance on hand as per last report	$3,870.45
To amount received from C. L. Bandy, tax collector	766.61
To amount received from C. L. Bandy, tax collector	4.00
To amount received from C. L. Bandy, tax collector	225.00
To amount received from T. M. Murphy, Co. Judge	1.50
C. E. Yowell, Supt.	20.35
To amount received from Ernest Amos, comptroller	42.32
To amount received from C. E. Yowell, Supt.	4.65
	$4,934.88
By paid warrants as per list	4,551.78
By balance	$ 383.10

S. S. D. No. 1 Fund

To bal. from last report	$ 921.27
To amount received from C. L. Bandy, tax collector	116.21
To amount received from Ernest Amos, comptroller	10.55
	$1,048.03
By paid warrants as per list	186.47
By balance	$ 861.56

S. S. D. No. 2 Fund

To bal. from last report	$65.48
To amount received from C. L. Bandy, tax collector	36.68
To amount received from Ernest Amos, comptroller	1.14
	$103.30
By paid warrants as per list	20.00
By balance	$ 83.30

S. S. D. No. 3 Fund

To bal. from last report	$1,611.91
To amount received from C. L. Bandy, tax collector	8.00
To amount received from Ernest Amos, comptroller	4.33
	$1,624.24
By paid warrants as per list	97.50
By balance	$1,526.74

S. S. D. No. 4 Fund

To bal. from last report	$3,468.52
To amount received from C. L. Bandy, tax collector	20.85
To amount received from Ernest Amos, comptroller	8.28
	$3,497.65
By paid warrants as per list	60.00
By balance	$3,437.65

S. S. D. No. 5 Fund

By bal. from last report	$188.58
To amount received from C. L. Bandy, tax collector	18.01
	$190.09
By paid warrants as per list	96.01
By balance	$94.08

S. S. D. No. 6 Fund

To bal. from last report	$25.62
To amount received from C. L. Bandy, tax collector	1.44
	$27.06
By paid warrants as per list	2.00
By balance	$25.06

Roma Thomas, Cashier

Bills were approved and warrants issued as follows:

C E Yowell, supt	$125.00
W C Bass, M B P I	4.00
W R Lanier, do	5.40
J H Baisden, do	13.00
G B Woodall, jan	45.00
Mrs J R Figart, do	27.00
Jas Sanders, do	8.00
Presbyterian church, rent	8.33
Bratton and Guice, do	5.00
Miss Albina Smith, can club	50.00
J. S. Cadel, atty	12.00
R D Brown, services	25.00
C E Yowel,, 3 mos incidentals	50.00
R M Evans, sal teacher	225.00
Miss Almenia Leitner, do	100.00
Miss Louise Clark, do	80.00
Miss Clara Ledbetter, do	80.00
Miss Ethel Crawford, do	65.00
Miss Frances Langston, do	65.00
Miss Lola Lawler, do	65.00
Miss Virgil Kent, do	65.00
Miss Cleo Woolridge, do	65.00
Mrs. F. C. Bryan, do	65.00
Mrs F C Edwards, do	65.00
Mrs J W Trammell, do	65.00
Miss Cecelia Overstreet, do	65.00
Miss Louise Thomason, do	65.00
Miss M C Bryan, do	65.00
Miss Lillian Dale, do	65.00
Miss Medora Russell, do	65.00
Miss Ruth Clark, do	65.00
Miss Lucy Witherspoon, do	65.00
Miss Emma Yowell, do	75.00
Miss Elon Guice, do	50.00
Miss Nellie McQuarrie, do	75.00
Miss Sarah Miller, do	40.00
Miss Lottie Doolittle, do	40.00
Mrs C H Blocker, do	40.00
P J Franklin, do	65.00
Mrs Rhoda Lucas, do	40.00
W N Sanders, do	55.00
Pearl Johnson, do	35.00
S B Timmons, do	35.00
M A Johnson, do	25.00
L L Jordan, do	45.00
Hattie King, do	35.00
Miss Orpha Rose, do	45.00
Harle Williams, do	65.00
Miss Lessie Haye, do	40.00
Miss Mattie Tyson, do	35.00
Daisy D. Jones, do	30.00
Osceola Hdw Co, supplies	5.60
Valley Gazette, office supplies	19.00
L McAllister, driving well	219.50
B M Davidson, allowance	6.00
Will Freman, labor	.75
Waters & Carson Co, sup	7.48
Frank Franklin, wood	2.00
Kissy Tel Co	4.90
Perry Decorating Co	8.00
Miss Effie Bass, teacher	45.00
Miss Edna Schweikart, do	50.00
Mrs Laura Lee, do	80.00
R R Riley, do	125.00
P A Northrop, do	75.00
Miss Mertie Fletcher, do	65.00
Miss Katherine Shadown, do	65.00
Miss Star Paisley, do	65.00
Miss Emma Tyson, do	65.00
Miss Lillian Ide, do	65.00
Miss Ruby Bass, do	65.00
Miss Fleda Doolittle ,do	65.00
Miss Jessie Doolittle, do	40.00
J R Figart, attendance officer	32.00
J L Hargrave, supplies	5.35

S. S. D. No. 2 Fund

Mrs C H Blocker, teacher	15.00
Miss Mattie Tyson, do	5.00
Daisy D. Jones, do	5.00
Union School Furnishing Co, payment on library	40.97

S. S. D. No. 3 Fund

J E Williams, teacher	45.00
Mrs C R Bebee, transport pupils	25.00
P J Franklin, teacher	25.00
Mrs P J Franklin, do	10.00
Mrs Rhoda Lucas, do	5.00

S. S. D. No. 4 Fund

Harle Williams, teacher	25.00
Miss Lessie Haye, do	10.00
W W Chandler, trans pupils	10.00
J S Underhill, supplies	1.05

S. S D. No. 5 Fund

Miss Lillian Prentiss, teacher	55.00

G. A. Blesch and J. L. Hargrave, trustees of the St. Cloud Sub-School District, appeared before the board and stated that as it was only a question of a short time before they would need more school room at St. Cloud, asked the board to purchase a lot on which another building could be erected. They stated that such a lot could be purchased at this time for much less money than later. After carefully considering the matter, the board, on motion of Mr. Lanier, seconded by Mr. Baisden, decided to purchase a lot, provided terms for the payment of same could be satisfactorily arranged. Chairman W. C. Bass and Supt. C. E Yowell were appointed a committee to investigate and arrange for transfer.

Mr. J. M. Johnston, of St. Cloud, appeared before the board and stated that he had been informed that the board was thinking of discontinuing the Canning Club work in the county. Mr. Johnston stated that he represented interests that paid a large amount of taxes, and urged the board to continue the work, as he considered it of great value to the county.

Messrs. C. A. Carson, S. B. Aultman and A. H. Fox, a committee appointed by the Kissimmee Board of Trade, also appeared before the board in the interest of the Canning Club and urged that the work be continued. Miss Partridge, District Agent, was also present, and explained to the board the educational advantages of such work.

After duly considering the matter, the board decided not to abandon the work.

Mr. Baisden reported that he had investigated the school building at Lanier, and said that $20 would be a fair price for it. The board then directed him to sell it at $20 cash.

There being no further business, the board adjourned until April 5th.

W. C. Bass, Chairman.

Attest: C. E. Yowell, Supt.

Kissimmee, April 5, 1917.

The board met as per adjournment of April 2, 1917, there being present W. C. Bass, chairman; W. R. Lanier, and John H. Baisden; also C. E. Yowell, superintendent.

The object of the meeting was for the purpose of considering the following petition:

To the Honorable Board of Public Instruction of Osceola County, Florida.

Gentlemen:—We, the undersigned electors who pay a tax on real or personal property and residing in the following sub-division of the county, do most respectfully petition your honorable body to order an election in the said described sub-division of the county to determine whether said sub-division of the county shall become a special tax district for the purpose of levying and collecting a district school tax for the exclusive use of the public free schools within the following described district, to-wit:

Beginning at the northeast corner of section 1, township 28 South, Range 34 East; thence in a westerly direction to the northwest corner of section 6, township 28 South, Range 34 Eas; thence in a southerly direction to the southwest corner of section 18, township 29 South, Range 33 East; thence in an easterly direction to the southeast corner of section 13, township 29 South, Range 34 East; thence in a northerly direction to the point of beginning.

Signed: P. Sellers, John Thompson, H. J. Hancock, W. R. Nettles, W. G. McClelland, H. B. Savage, K. H. Crosby, O. N. Compbell, J. W. Johnson, S. L. Eubank, T. B. Hull, L. S. Johns, W. H. Savage, J. R. Story.

The board, finding that said petition had been published in the St. Cloud Tribune for a period of four consecutive weeks, the first said publication being on March 8, 1917, and that the last said publication being on March 29th, 1917, as shown in the affidavit of said publication filed in this office by the publishers of said papers the board, after examination, found that the petition had been signed by more than one-fourth of the qualifed electors paying a tax on real or personal property in said district, ordered that an election be held on Saturday, May 5th, A. D. 1917, for the purpose of deciding whether the territory embraced within the above boundaries shall be a special tax school district, and for the purpose of electing three trustees for the next two years and to place the millage for the next two years.

The following were appointed to act at said election: P. Sellers, A. J. Hancock, and W. R. Nettles, inspectors; S. L. Eubanks, clerk.

There being no further business, the board adjourned until the next regular meeting, Monday, May 7, 1917.

W. C. Bass, Chairman.

Attest: C. E. Yowell, Supt.

Want Ads in the St. Cloud Tribune bring good results.

WIRING FIXTURES
MAZDA LAMPS
Everything Electrical — Contract Work a Specialty
J. A. McCARTHY
Minn. Ave. & 8th St. — Phone 99 — St. Cloud, Florida

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of your health's defence should be well stocked with high-qualitied meats. That is the only sort of meat-foods we sell. We are awaiting your personal or telephonic order.

NEW YORK MARKET
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C. McD. Ward — St. Cloud, Fla.

No Exorbitant War Profits

The government has invoked for the first time drastic powers to strike a death blow at exorbitant war profits.

Under authority of the last naval appropriation bill a manufacturer was directed to furnish a large order of war supplies at a price fixed by the government, far lower than the figure voluntarily submitted. If the order is not obeyed the plant will be taken over and operated by the government.

Officials would not disclose the name of the manufacturer nor the agency through which the order was given. It was admitted, however that the action had been taken and that President Wilson and his advisers were firmly resolved that only fair and reasonable charges should be paid by the nation to its citizens for the things that are necessary to make ready for war.

European governments are paying an average of ten per cent profit on war materials purchased in the United States. It was asserted authoritatively that the government of the United States intended to buy its own supplies at less than that rate of profit to the seller.

The law invoked in Section 3 of the last naval appropriation bill is as follows:

"The president is authorized to require the owner or occupier of any factory in which the ships or war material are built or produced to place at the disposal of the United States the whole or any part of the output of such factory and within the limits of the amounts appropriated therefor, to deliver such output or parts thereof in such quantities and at such times as may be specified in the order at such reasonable price as shall be determined by the president."

Behind that clause stand other laws as a grim reminder of the purpose of congress to make its will effective.

A section of the national defence act makes it a felony; punishable by three years' imprisonment and $50,000 fine, to fail to meet the government's demands; another section of the navy bill authorizes the taking over and operation of all or any part of any plant.

It is understood that the concern against whom these statutes have been invoked, refused to meet the government's requirements as to price when the orders were tendered originally and in the regular way. So far known, this is the only case of the kind yet produced by the present emergency.

Standing out sharply against this background came the announpcement by Bernard M. Baruch, commissioner for minerals of the National Defence Council of the voluntary offer of the brass-making industry to fill the government's orders at cost of production. This followed the recent agreement obtained by Mr. Baruch with the copper producers and similar arrangements now in process of completion with the steel and fuel oil producers.

CARELESSNESS RESULTS IN FAILURE

That is why we say "Feed B. A. Thomas' Hog Powder according to directions." DO NOT FEED IT SLOPPY, but mix it with ground feed and moisten with just enough water to make a crumbly mass. Then each hog will get a beneficial dose. See full directions on packages. Your monew back if you are not satisfied.—H. C. Hartley. 3214t

CREDITS MEN

Miss Jeanette Rankin, the new congresswoman from Montana, was asked if the reason she was elected was because Western women were more progressive than Eastern women. She quickly responded: "No, it is because Western men are more progressive than Eastern men. Women, east and west, are much the same, but western men afford women more opportunity to express themselves."

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HAY — **GROCERIES** — FEED
Largest and Most Complete Stock in St. Cloud
Quality and Service at this store. — Prices the Lowest
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ST. CLOUD TRIBUNE

Published Every Thursday by St. Cloud Tricune Company.

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Reading notices in local column 10c a line. Rates for display advertising furnished on application.

Advertising bills are payable on the first of each month. Parties not known to us will be required to pay in advance.

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MEMBER FLORIDA STATE PRESS ASSOCIATION

Editorialettes

Shoulder arms—March!

Little Cuba says "Me too!"

Make every acre productive.

The South must raise its own food.

They also serve who only plow and plant.

The nation is aflame with patriotic fervor.

Florida seems to be heading toward the "bone-dry" column.

Thrice is he armed that hath his quarrel just.—Shakespeare.

Haven't heard of any pacifists calling Senator Lodge a coward of late, have you?

Britain has been a long time getting at it, but she seems to be "doing her bit" at last.

Press the alley question. The city needs them, and they can never be acquired cheaper than now.

Japan's hostilities to the United States, likt that of Mexico, should bear the "Made in Germany" trade mark.

It is no hardship to the South to say that she must feed herself. She is abundantly able, and should do so, war or no war.

Beware of the Greeks bearing gifts. The Kaiser promises his people reforms and more liberty "after the war." Another "scrap of paper!"

Marse Henry's cry, "The Hohenzollerns and the Hapsburgs—to hell with them," should be the world's international motto.—Tampa Times.

Interning those German sailors in "bone-dry" Georgia would seem to be a case of the "cruel and unusual" in punishment. Oh, how dry they'll be before the war ends!

The first appearance of the Stars and Stripes in the European war was at the storming of Vimy Ridge, when a Texas member of a Canadian troop fastened the flag to his bayonet. He was wounded in the assault o' Thelus.

THE JOY OF SPRING

The meadow-bells are ringin',
The Rose smiles at the door,
And the mockin' bird is singin'
Like he never heard o' war!

The river tells the story
Of the loved land to the Sea,
And ripples sunny glory,
To the souls of you and me.

The grace the season's giving—
The beauty and the bliss!
Life whispers: "Sweet is living,
In a world of love—like this!"

—Frank Stanton.

The South Must Feed Itself

The statement has been made, without denial so far as we know, that the South buys annually from $600,000,000 to $700,000,000 of foodstuffs for man and beast from the northern and western states. That fact in itself should be a powerful incentinve to the production of more food crops. Of what avail is it to bend all our energies to the production of money crops, and then have to send all the money we make out of the state for supplies to support life until we can raise another crop. The long continuance in this vicious circle accounts for the poverty of the South, while the farmers of the North and West have grown rich by supplying our wants.

It is not as though we could not raise our own food. That, if true might be an excuse, but it is not true. We boast, and with perfect truth, that nearly every food crop known to man can be grown on Florida soil. We have been diverted from the growing of the staples by tales of the wonderful profits occasionally made by the truckers and fruit growers, forgetting that we never hear of the failures that too often come. We take the big risks, hoping to reap the big profits. Safety first is a good motto for the farmer as well as for the rest of mankind, and real safety is only found in diversified farming. A little stock, a little poultry, a few acres in truck and a few in fruit, with a production of hay and grain sufficient to feed the farmer's stock, with a possible surplus for sale, and a good home garden to keep down the high cost of living, all this spells safety, comfort and prosperity. More than that, for the South to raise its own food supply is a patriotic contribution to the necessities of the nation. We are engaged in war with a vigorous and resourceful nation, and every ounce of food that can be produced will be needed for the support of our armies and those of our allies across the water.

The word comes from Washington that the coming wheat crop will be short by 50,000,000 of bushels, which means dear bread, if it does not mean the substitution of corn meal for wheat flour. The South can do that without hardship, for it likes corn bread and has always used more or less of it. But this means that there will be an unprecedented home dem for corn, and this demand the South should meet from its own acreage. The Corn Club boys have demonstrated that it can be done.

The millions that we spend for hay is an unnecessary expenditure, for nowhere else in the world is it possible to grow so great a variety of forage crops as in Florida; poultry farming has great possibilities, but not if we depend on the North for the feeds that we ought to raise. So with hogs and cattle, we have not yet touched the possibilities along this line. Improved stock and more intelligent handling ought to make Florida a meat exporting state instead of an importing one.

It has been said that there are enough idle and unproductive acres in the state to feed the whole nation if they were properly utilized, and it is doubtless true. Now, if ever, with the nation facing a great crisis, is the time when every acre that will produce a crop either for man or beast should be utilized. It is a patriotic as well ats a personal duty to do this. You owe it to the government which has furnished you protection all your life. Get busy.

Billions For Defense But Not One Cent For Tribute

Seven billions of dollars, which the nation has voted through its representatives in congress to finance the war through its first year, seems like an enormous sum, as indeed it is. It is notice to the world that the United States is fully alive to the magnitude and importance of the undertaking. The sum is one which the average man cannot conceive. It staggers the imagination. One million dollars is a great sum, but the United States has long since outgrown the habit of thinking in millions. It is some years since one of our statesmen announced that this was a billion dollar country.

Representative Fitzgerald, chairman of the appropriations committee, in speaking of the five billions which it is proposed to raise by bond issue, said: "This five billion dollars does not scratch the surface of our credit." Of the entire sum, three billions of dollars is to be loaned to the allies "to terminate the war." By this action we are serving notice to Germany in tangible and understandable form that her brutal assaults upon American lives and property will no longer be tolerated; that we do not propose to submit to her orders as to when and where and how our ships may sail the high seas; that her piratical craft shall no longer be permitted to pursue, unrestrained, their career of piracy, murder and inhuman slaughter of non-combatants, women and children.

It means a quicker termination of the war, and a termination in the right way. If it should mean the total elimination of the Hohenzollern tribe of madmen there will be no mourners.

Great as the sum is, it is not big enough to cause any alarm to any well posted American. It is less than half the assets of the national banks alone; it is short by nearly two billion dollars of the value of the agricultural products of the country for 1916, a year of short crops.

Verily, this is a great country! Great in men; great in money, and great in resources of all kinds!

TIN CAN PREPAREDNESS

"The women and girls of Florida who have been preserving the surplus vegetables and fruits in tin cans, glass cans and jars, can go right along with their work, knowing that it is not only good business to do so, but shows a spirit of patriotism," says Miss Agnes Ellen Harris, State Agent for home demonstration work to the University of Florida extension division. The canning work, begun by the county agents in 1912, showed itself last year to be of great value. More than 2,000 home canners are in use, and these will give a great impetus to the work that is to be carried on to a greater extent this year.

Florida must feed herself this year, and the women, with their canning and preserving outfits, are going to do much toward the realization of this ambition. As an example of what can be done, the county agent for Manatee county reported that 36,000 cans were filled by her club girls last year. One firm in Hillsboro county sold 200,000 containers last year, farmers buying more than 60,000 of them.

The tin can, as well as the siege gun is to play an important part in this nation's preparedness this year.

With peanuts one dollar and fifty cents per bushel, hogs twenty dollar apiece and cows fifty dollars, cotton twenty cents per pound, why is not life in the land of the cypress and the pine, the orange and the magnolia, like a wild, glad song? Come on south, and help us enjoy the luxury of climate, fruit, flowers and foodstuffs. —Ocala Banner.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

New York, April 12, 1917.

Editor Tribune:—

Always it pays the voters to say "Thank you" to the public officials who do them important service. Especially St. Cloud has reason to be grateful for good health, and to recognize the importance of keeping up its reputation for good health. Therefore we should all give thanks to Dr. Buckmaster, late health officer, for his carrying the town successfully through the epidemic of infantile paralysis (in other cites) last summer and through all dangers of all epidemics. We will thank his successors now and in future if they do the same. Somebody will hold them to strict responsibility if they do not. Nothing is of greater importance to St. Cloud. Yours truly,

W.G.Peckham.

St. Cloud, Fla., April 14, 1917.

Editor Tribune:—

In your aritcle concerning the sale of the Sterrett bungalow to Mr. Geo. H. Flint, of Providence, R. I., published in your issue of April 12, you inadvertantly gave the credit for making the sale to the Diefendorf Agency. This was an error. Mr. Diefendorf had no connection whatsoever with this transaction.

This sale was brought about by the fine public spirit manifested by the St. Cloud Development Co., who, realizing the importance of securing a man of Mr. Flint's caliber, sacrificed a considerable amount in order to induce Mr. Flint to become a citizen of St. Cloud.

But for their far-sighted action in this matter I never could have made the sale of this property, and due credit should be awarded to Senator Donegan and Mr. Johnston for their public spiritedness in this matter.

In my native state the idea had long prevailed that St. Cloud consisted of a lot of ramshackle old buildings, and for any one to have offered any St. Cloud property there for sale would have excited derision only, but now St. Cloud has a real booster in Mr. Flint, and I confidently hope to be able to induce other well-to-do people in my state to invest here, and my task is made much easier by the great assistance rendered me by the St. Cloud Development Co. St. Petersburg and Daytona had a grip on Mr. Flint, but St. Cloud won out.

It is needless to state that what St. Cloud most needs at this time is more taxable property and the development of the beautiful lake front properties is the quickest and most feasible way of securing it.

Already the effect of this sale to Mr. Flint is beginning to be manifested. Since it was consummated at least six or seven additional lots on the lake front have been contracted for as a direct result of this purchase.

Now, if the city council can see its way clear to improve the lake front boulevard somewhat, making a passable street of it, it will help matters very much.

Respectfully,
Chas. F. Pierce.

ST. CLOUD DEVELOPMENT CO. EXHIBITS FLORIDA PRODUCTS

(Continued from page 1.)

stalk of barley grown on his garden outside of the city.

Mr. J. W. Smith presented some of the prettiest Irish potatoes and onions we have seen, that were grown on his farm.

Comrade E. M. Holden, Co. A, 124th Ohio V. I., who lives on Ohio avenue and Sixth street, has brought to our office some remarkably fine vegetables grown by him on his town lots. On January 20 he planted some Red Bliss potatoes, a sample of which he brought to us and they are undoubtedly as good as any raised in the state. He has also brought us very fine samples of Crystal Wax onions, Extra Early White Egg turnips, Eclipse Blood Red beets and Improved Long Orange carrots.

All these vegetables are as fine as any we have ever seen in these parts, and we invite all who are interested to call around and see them.

ADD ST Cloud Develel

The exhibit is a continuous one and will be renewed from time to time and kept always fresh and seasonable. It will well reward every citizen to keep in touch with it, if only for the inspiration to be derived from such a showing. For those doubting Thomases from the North, who look upon Florida as a sandy desert or a tropical jungle, it is an education in itself.

The company reports the following sales made during the past week:

Mr. David Jennings, of Clear Lake, Iowa, has this week purchased from the St. Cloud Development Company a lot on the corner of Ohio avenue and Eleventh street, and will begin the erection of a fine home in a short time.

Mr. John L. Hopton has this week purchased several tracts of land on Lake Runnymede from the St. Cloud Development Company. Mr. Hopton has been in St. Cloud only a short time and has cleared and planted a number of tracts of land in Irish potatoes and corn, and is now clearing a number of additional tracts and will begin farming on a larger scale.

Mr. C. F. Pierce, one of St. Cloud's best friends, has this week purchased three additional boulevard lots on the lake from the St. Cloud Development Company, and will begin improving the same in a short time

THE HUNGRY TEN CLUB

The Hungry Ten Club was entertained at Mrs. Manypenny's on Wednesday, April 11th, all members being present. A fine chicken pie dinner was served by the club, together with all the good things that go with it, everyone saying "the best dinner yet. Nearly all the members are going north soon to enjoy the balmy north and all the good things to eat, unless war is declared, then we think we had better stay where we are.

All left wishing the host and hostess a safe journey north and that they may all soon return.

Alice H. Clement, Sec.

HAWAII--PARADISE; ARMENIA--HELL AS DEPICTED BY H. E. KELSEY

In His Entertaining Lecture at the Grand Army Memorial Hall, Sunday Evening, to an Appreciative Audience

It was an intensely interesting contrast that Mr. H. E. Kelsey drew between Hawaii, Paradise and Armenia, Hell, in his lecture in the G. A. R. Hall last Sunday night. The audience began assembling at an early hour, and long before the time anonunced for the lecture to begin the large hall was filled to its utmost capacity, and late comers were lucky to find standing room. Many returned to their homes, unable to gain admission to the hall.

Mr. Kelsey was especially well qualified to speak of Hawaii, having spent eighteen years in that territory. His description of the islanders, their methods of living, their habits and history was intenesely interesting, illustrated as it was by fine photographic slides thrown upon the screen. Starting with a short prelimintry lecture, he passed gradually to the pictures on the screen, explaining each. These treated of the dress and customs of the people, of the products of the islands and of their physical features. He gave tables showing the main exports of the islands, with their values. Other tables showed the distribution of the population between the different nationalities. By this showing the Americans were about equal to the native population while the Japanese largely preponderated over all. He disposed of the "yellow peril," however, by saying that the Japanese were loyal to America and were teaching their American-born children to be good Americans. The idea of a war with Japan, he said, was the result of "foolish yellow journalism." It was an interesting and alluring account which he gave of our far-flung island possessions.

The reverse of the picture, the hell of Armenia, was as heart-rending and sorrowful as Hawaii was pleasing and picturesque. Here was shown a nation of two million souls, an intelligent, moral and Christian people, driven from their homes, subjected to outrages and indignities that would disgrace a savage, women and children dragged into slavery or worse, homes destroyed, families broken up and scattered, starving by thousands, vainly endeavoring to save life by eating grass, or the refuse of streets and dunghills. It was an awful, a horrible picture of human suffering and misery, that presentation of the case of Armenia, and calculated to fill the minds of his hearers with wrath at the inhuman monster who could turn his savage Turkish allies loose to wreak their will upon innocent and peaceable people whose only fault was that they were Christians. The need of the Armenians is great and it is pressing Eight hundred and fifty thousand of them have already succumbed to starvation and diseases resulting from malnutrition. The Turks have long desired to destroy the Armenians and it would seem that the war has at last given them the opportunity.

W. C. T. U. Notes

The W. C. T. U. met as usual in the Baptist church at 2:30, Monday, April 16, Mrs. Matthews presiding.

After singing, Scripture was read by the president. Prayer by Rev. Santee.

Roll Call responded to with Scripture texts. Mrs. Kibbe had arranged a very good program, Topic: Moral and Physical Need of the Sabbath.

Rev. Santee was called upon for a five minute talk on the physical need of the Sabbath. He quoted, "a man can do a greater amount of work, do it better and easier and live longer who keeps the Sabbath as a day of rest." Also from Dr. McLoud, "the church of God could not live without the Sabbath." From Daniel Webster who, when reproaching a man for a brutal murder asked, "How could you commit this deed?" The answer was, "In my youth I broke the Sabbath and went from bad to worse."

Rev. J. T. W. Stewart responded to the moral side, "We could not maintain a high standard of morality without the restraint put upon us by observing the Sabbath day." Also spoke of the misuse of the Sabbath, when God had said to keep it holy.

Master Frank Philpott read a poem entitled "The Little Pleaders." We are always pleased to hear Frank.

Rev. Cooke spoke on physical needs, "God knows what we need, for he made us. He has impressed on us over and over that we need rest. He rested after creation. Gave us day and night and power to sleep. Also one day in seven to rest physically. A large per cent of persons ignore that opportunity and are in worse condition in body, mind and spirits than before the Sabbath. Even machinery will do more work when rested. Also true of horses, teams which rested on the Sabbath accomplishing the most.

Rev. Jenkins spoke of the spiritual need of the Sabbath. In 2,500 years nothing was said about keeping the Sabbath. Believes Sabbath should be not a rest day but a worshipful day, keeping in memory the resurrection. He asked if anyone ever saw a monument in marble to Christ. Memory of resurrection a monument. Brother Northrop, on physical need, reminded us there were three kinds of preachers, those who exhaust themselves, who exhaust others, and who exhaust both. Sometimes they do not preach to responsive congregations, suggestive of preaching against a stone wall.

Rev. Melmaker advocates early Sabbath day training. Sunday school in morning, preaching in afternoon and a pleasant evening at home singing and making it a day of rest. He gave some pointed remarks about Sunday papers and advertisements in them.

Rev. Beauchamp spoke of the physical need. "I need the rest. Every morning a man, woman or child, the first thing, should report for rest or repair. God made the Sabbath for man, not man for the Sabbath."

Dr. Dunlap spoke on the spiritual need. "Remember the Sabbath and to keep it holy, was the first feature of the Lord's day. Later he told us how to keep it holy, Quit Sabbath business and take it into our hearts. God's holy word gives us rest and education. Sometimes seems like christianity is a failure." The Lord's day is made a day of sport. Open saloons and Sabbath breaking lowers moral tone of people. No wonder they wage war. Keep the moral standard high.

St. Cloud autos going fishing on Sabbath lowers moral tone of the city.

Mrs. Hodman read a very fine poem entitled "Touch it Not."

I would like to tell all the good things that were said but as they were mostly given at rapid fire rate, I can not. But we wish you had all been there.

Next meeting May 7. Everybody come.

Clara Kenney,
Sec. Pro Tem.

Women's Relief Corps

L. L. Mitchell Corps No. 12 met in regular session April 12th, at 2 p. m. with the president, Anna Ansbaugh, in the chair.

All officers except two were present at roll call.

Application of Mrs. Josephine Woodard returned approved by the committee, and she was elected to become a member of our order.

One application for membership was presented. Mrs. Stout was admitted by transfer, so our number is increasing instead of decreasing.

The autograph quilt which the corps has been making is at last completed, and it is a beautiy to behold. A rising vote of thanks was given Mrs. Fannie Furgason for her energy and stick-to-it-iveness in working on the quilt. Had it not been for her it never would have been completed.

The amount placed in the W. R. C. treasury was $17.78, from the entertainment, "The Village Schewl of Long Ago.

General orders were read by the secretary.

It was decided we organize a Red Cross band to work with the Relief Corps.

There were sixty-two persons present.

Flora Cox,
Press Cor.

About the only way a man can fool a woman is to make her believe she's fooling him when she's not.

ALL SIZES AT VARIOUS PRICES PHOTOGRAPHIC SUPPLIES

CAMERAS FOR SUMMER TRIPS

The Kind that "Make Good"

SEMINOLE PHARMACY

PHONE 11 THE REXALL STORE "WHERE QUALITY COUNTS" ST. CLOUD

COMING VISITING GOING

ST. CLOUDLETS

LOCAL PERSONAL SOCIAL

You can pay county or city taxes at A. E. Drought's office. 20-tf

S. T. Naylor and wife left Tuesday for Parkersburg, W. Va.

Read the new ad of New York market on page 6. 34-1t

Mrs. Weston Bailey, from the Bailey Farm, was a visitor in the city Tuesday.

The Lenten offering of the Sunday school of St. Luke's was given to the endowment fund of St. Luke's Hospital, Orlando.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Stannis, who have been guests of the Farris Hotel this winter, have left for Stafford Springs, Conn.

Bargains at Drawdy's Store every day. Drop in and see. 34-1t

Rev. H. L. Kirkby, of Kissimmee, administered baptism and celebrated Holy Communion at St. Luke's Guild Hall on Sunday.

One Maxwell auto and one Shadock trailer (camping outfit) for sale or trade for real estate. H. A. Lee, Missouri Ave. 34-1tp

Mrs. Bonney, who has been spending the past week with her sister, Mrs. H. D. Brainerd, left recently for her home in Chicago, Ill.

For fresh fruits and vegetables, tomato plants and seeds go to Smith's market, on Tenth St. 30tf

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. H. Flint, who have been guests of the New St. Cloud for several weeks, left for their home in Providence, R. I., last Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Mercereau left last Sunday for Orlando, where they will visit with their daughter for a few days before leaving for the North.

In county court, April 16, the case of W. Milar vs. H. C. Hartley came up, Attorney S. D. Decker appearing for the defandant. Judgment was given for Hartley.

Remember, we handle the Queen Quality Shoes, Florsheim and W. L. Douglas Shoes; best on earth; Warner rust-proof corset, and a good staple line of dry goods and notions. H. C. Stanford Co., Josh Ferguson, Manager. 34-1t

C. M. White and wife captured a black bass at the mouth of Kunnymere Canal one day last week which was 27 inches in length, 16 inches in largest girth, and weighed 8 pounds. It was a fine fish, as all who saw it can testify.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Adams left last Monday for their home in Worcester, Mass., After spending two winters here, thereby being qualified to judge, Mr. Adams does not hesitate to express his great satisfaction with conditions as he finds them in the Wonder City. They expect to return next winter.

S. W. Porter, real estate, insurance.

Mr. and Mrs. John Barber, who have been pleasantly located at the New England House this winter, have left for their home at Manilla, Iowa. They will stop enroute at Chattanooga, Tenn. They are much pleased with the Wonder City and hope to return next fall.

Comrade S. T. Grove started for the North yesterday to visit relatives at Sabina, Ohio, first, and eventually going to Wichita, Kansas, where he will visit a son. He has been a resident of St. Cloud for seven years and says: "You couldn't drive me away permanently."

St. Cloud pennants at Durham's 10c each. 34-1t

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Riley and son, Ben, left on Tuesday of this week for La Moille, Ill., to spend the summer. A few days previous to their departure they entertained Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Kendall, of La Moille, Ill., and Mrs E. D. French, of Ashton, Fla The Rileys will be greatly missed but will return to the Wonder City this fall.

Have your suit made to measure from the Royal Tailor's fabrics. Sample book on display at Drawdy's Store. 34-1t

The Misses Ethel and Nellie Zimmer who, with their mother have been spending the winter in Tampa, arrived recently to spend a few days with their uncle, J. T. Burbank. Last year they spent the entire year in the Wonder City. Some will no doubt remember the Zimmer sisters in concert here.

The telephone company has undergone quite a change within the past month, under the management of Mr T. C. Watson. A new switchboard has been installed and quite a few other changes made. A new cable frame has been ordered and will be installed in a short time, and Mr. Watson wishes the Tribune to state that he hopes to give better service to subscribers than they have ever had before.

Mexican Straw Hats, 10c each, at Drawdy's. 34-1t

Mrs. George J. Huebner, with her two children, returned to her home, Detroit, Mich., last Monday, after a visit to her father, F. M. Riegel. Mrs. Riegel and Miss Nellie Burns, who accompanied Mrs. Huebner from Detroit last February, will remain at the cottage of Mr. Riegel, corner New York and Fourteenth, until June, and may decide to remain longer to enjoy the salubrious climate of Florida and the attractions of St. Cloud.

25c Mirrors at Durham's, 10c each. 34-1t

The Zimmer Sisters, with their mother, who have been spending the winter in Tampa, left for the North today. They have been spending a few days here. They will give concerts on their way to their northern home.

Fruit Growers' Association will meet next Tuesday at 2 o'clock at the city hall All members are requested to be present. C. W. Morsman.

When in Kissimmee eat at Mack's Cafe., Home cooking, good service. The home of fried oysters and real coffee. 15-tf

Mis Mildred L. Fowler, who has been spending the winter with her grand parents, returned to her home in East Haven, Conn. The journey was made by way of the Clyde line steamer Mohawk from Jacksonville to New York. Miss Fowler writes that she had a delightful journey.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. H. Smith, of Pennington Gap, Va., arrived here last Thursday. They will visit for a few weeks with Mrs. Smith's father and mother, Capt. E. F. Tucker and wife, on Jersey avenue, when the entire party will return north; Capt. Tucker and wife to their home at Greensburg, Ky., and Mr. and Mrs. Smith, after a short visit at Greensburg, will return to their home at Pennington Gap. Capt. Tucker and wife expect to return next winter. They own property on Jersey avenue.

Plan your trip North, SEMINOLE LIMITED, Through Steel Train. Double Track; Block Signals:—

Chicago	$26.01
Detroit	27.11
Milwaukee	28.65
St. Paul	36.11
Omaha	34.08

Rates and information to your home town furnished on application. Illinois Central Railroad, 27 Hogan St., Jacksonville, Fla. S. C. Baird, Florida Passenger Agent. 33-4t

Mr. Helon McDowell owner of a small farm near the old sugar mill, is not one of those knockers who are fond of repeating "you can't raise nothin' in Floridy." Not much. Mr. McDowell is now bringing new potatoes to town for which he gets three dollars per bushel. From ten rods of ground he has already sold nearly $34 worth of spuds, and still has some left, beside what have been eaten by the family. He has field corn seven feet high, and sweet corn from which he will soon be gathering roasting ears. Florida looks good to men of Mr. McDowell's pattern.

OBITUARY

Comrade Joseph W. Conard, whose death from paralysis was announced in our last issue, was born in Ohio, March 17, 1842, and had consequently passed his 75th year. He enlisted in Co. E, 104th Ill. Inf., and was honorably discharged at the close of the war in 1865. After the war he became a teacher for several terms, and eventually a farmer. He had been a resident of St. Cloud for a number of years. His health had been poor for some time, and for the last four months he had been confined to his room. A wife andf ive children are left to mourn his loss.

His remains were embalmed and prepared for shipment by Undertaker C. E. Carlson and last Thursday evening were shipped to Buckley, Ill., where interment was made. Wrapped in the flag for which he fought, they were escorted to the train by his comrades of the Grand Army and paid the last honors of a soldier.

LADIES' IMPROVEMENT CLUB

The regular meeting of the Ladies Improvement Club was held April 4, when it was decided that the St. Cloud Club would join the State Federation of Women's Clubs.

It was reported that Tag Day added $69.21 cents to the library fund, and Mrs. Sarah Matthews gave an additional dollar.

Mrs. Edd George reported an interview with Senator Donegan, who has expressed his willingness to loan the Improvement Club the amount needed to put up the library, as he considers it one of the necessities of a well regulated town.

Meeting of New England Society

The New England Society met on Tuesday afternoon, April 10, in Masonic Hall. Opened by singing America, followed by prayer by Rever- and Dunlap. Reading of the minutes by the secretary, Mrs. Doughty. The treasurer's report, by Mrs. Goodwin. Mr. Adams had charge of the following excellent program:

Reading, The Potato, by Mrs. Goodwin.

Music on the dulcimer by Mr. Martin, excellently rendered.

Reading, Summer Boarders, by Mrs. Grace Cooper.

Humorous reading by Mr. Goodwin.

Duet, a medley on the violins, by Messrs. Hendrix and Andrist.

Reminiscences of Wartime, by Mr. Currier.

Reading The Man Who Fell at Baltimore, by Mrs. Perlham.

Violin and vocal solo by Mr. Burch, Traveling Back to Georgia. For an encore he gave An Old Bachelor.

Reading by Mr. A. Daugherty.

Next meeting to be held second Tuesday in November. place of meeting to be left to executive committe.

Closd by singing The Star Spangled Banner.

GONE BUT NOT FORGOTTEN

Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Allen left on their homeward journey to Scranton, Pa., Monday, April 16. Their plans include a stop of about a week in Daytona. To cheer the hearts of the friends he left behind Mr. Allen left the following effusion with the Tribune, which we publish "as it is writ:"

"Tommy, the Crow," has left us,
For home and friends away;
Though he will ne'er forget
The warm friends he met,
In St. Cloud, Floriday.

Now, he also said:
In the good old summer time,
Down in the Florida clime,
Strolling through the orange groves
In the winter time.

Your grapefruit, they are juicy;
Your oranges, they are fine.
I guess we ought to know,
For we ate them all the time.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH NEWS

Reader, have you examined the law of the Gospel to see whether you have complied with the terms or not? If not you had better do so at once.

The subject next Lord's Day morning, "The Two Resurrections," and "The Judgment."

Evening, "Why Does God Permit the Devil to Live?" At the close of the evening service the ordinance of baptism will be administered. All are cordially invited to these services.

The Wednesday evening prayer and Study Services are well attended and are interesting.

What has your Christianity cost you? If it has not cost you self you had better examine it. There is something wrong with it.

We are very sorry to see so many leaving for the summer, but we will look forward to their return.

I. L. Jenkins, Pastor.

RESOLUTIONS ON THE DEATH OF BROTHER CLAUSSEN

Resolutions of the Order of the Eastern Star on the death of Brother C. C. Claussen:

Whereas, the All-wise Architect of the universe has called our beloved brother, C. C. Claussen from this Chapter to the Supreme Chapter on high, be it

Resolved, That this chapter has sustained a loss and that we tender to his beloved wife our sincere sympathy and commend her to the care of Him who said: "I will send a Comforter."

Mrs. J. K. Conn.
Wm. Hall.
Roxie A. Porter.

Catholic church services: mass 10 a. m., Sunday, 22nd, and Monday 23rd mass 7 a. m.. All welcome.

A COSMOPOLITAN BANQUET

Served at the Charming and Hospitable Bardwell Home

A banquet was given on Thursday, the 12th inst., by Mrs. Bardwell, Mrs. Goodhue, Miss Compton and Mrs. Carmack, to the following gentlemen of the "Colony," to wit:

Rev. C. C. Wilbur, of New York; Messrs. Bardwell, of St. Cloud; Compton of Illinois; Lundy of New York; Carmack of New York; Smith of Illinois, Boring of Kansas; Van Deusen of Indiana.

After the inner man had been so bountifully supplied by the elegant repast furnished by the said ladies and the usual interesting story telling, which always follows such occasions, the following resolutions were offered and unanimously adopted:

Resolved that words fail us to express our full appreciation of the bounteous repast and so beautifully served by the ladies.

Resolved, that a copy of this be sent to Miss Jennie Bardwell, of New York, whose absence was so much regretted by all present.

With the hope and wish that Divine Providence, in His goodness might spare us all to again meet here in St. Cloud, the banquet was broken up.

SURPRISE PARTY FOR MRS. ALFRED CRANSTON

One of the pleasantest occasions in the social life of our city was a birthday surprise given Mrs. Alfred Cranston and Mrs. Lillian Baker on Monday afternoon, April 16, at their beautiful home, North Pennsylvania avenue, in what is known as the Lake Front Addition to St. Cloud, and to judge by the delightful exclamations as each guest tendered her congratulations and tokens of friendship and esteem, the surprise was complete.

This home is destined to become one of the attractive spots in our Wonder City, where one may always look for a cordial welcome from its genial occupants. There are many curios from home and abroad that lend a charm to the different rooms, not easily forgotten, and each one has a history the hostess is always delighted to give.

Music on the mandolin and piano, gay badinage, not forgetting the "cup that cheers," made the hours pass all too quickly, and after a delightful lunch from a table a century old and china of happy memory, the guests took their departure with many wishes that old Father Time continues to deal gently with Mrs. Cranston.

Those who enjoyed the hospitality of this lovely home are: Mesdames Hendricks, Mallory, Ranny, Robinson Jacques, Beittler, Marcell, Miss Mallory and Mr. and Mrs. Evory.

Mrs. Cranston was the recipient of a dish of new potatoes from the garden of H. C. Hendricks, which Mr. H. designated as "unstrung jewels."

A Guest.

RED CROSS CHAPTER FORMED

A local chapter of the Red Cross was organized in the Grand Army Hall Saturday afternoon last. Mrs. Anna Ansbaugh presided. Mrs. Elmira C. Westcott was chosen president. Mrs. Marion Wetherbee was selected as first vice president, and Mrs. Samantha Bartlett was chosen treasurer, while Mrs. French was selected to be the secretary. Mrs. Wetherbee is a Red Cross nurse, formerly of England, and served through the Boer war. She has a medal of honor presented to her by the King of England, also her uniform, which she will wear this Thursday afternoon when the local chapter holds its first meeting in the G. A. R. Hall. Any loyal woman who cares to become a member of the St. Cloud chapter is invited to this meeting. Meetings will be held every Thursday. The ladies are planning to spend the day together occasionally and do whatever work the National society requires of them. The following ladies are the charter members of the society:

Mesdames Elmira C. Westcott, Anna Ansbaugh, Marion Wetherbee, Samantha Bartlett, French, Nora Whitbeck, Phoebe DePew, Lida Mosher Sophronia Tomlinson, Lydia Carey, N. A. Stillwell, Anna M. Elliott, Emma Stout, Martha George, Elizabeth Currier, Mary Kent, Mary E. Ricketts, Elizabeth Hart, Orissa J. Kiplinger, Retta Williams, Julia French, Lydia J. Hynes, Mary E. Walters, Marion E. Cooley, Sarah Hargrave, C. K. Hendrix, E. E. Williams, Mollie Martin, Miss Clara L. Reynolds and Miss Emma Hart.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES

Announcement of the Reorganized Church of Jesus Christ, Latter Day Saints: Preaching Sundays at 11 a. m. Prayer meetings Saturdays at 7:30 p. m. We invite you to make a thorough investigation. Meetings at Charles Mann's store building, Minnesota avenue and Fifteenth street.

ZION'S RELIGIO-LITERARY SOCIETY

Announcement of the Zion's Religio-Literary Society: Continuation of King Benjamin's address, "Walking With Christ."

Golden text: See that all these things are done in wisdom and order, for it is not requisite that a man should run faster than he has strength.

Central thought: Walking With Christ is following a course that is straight and narrow indeed.

This society now has its headquarters in St. Cloud, and is temporarily located at Charles Mann's store building, Minnesota avenue and Fifteenth street.

The young people will do themselves an injustice by not making themselves acquainted with this literary society and the advantages to be enjoyed therein.

Meetings each Saturday at 6:30 p. m. All are invited to attend.

PALM THEATRE PROGRAMME

THURSDAY

Gold Rooster. Baby Marie Osborn in
"TWIN KIDDIES"
Would you be surprised if your disposition were changed over night. See 'Twin Kiddies."

SATURDAY

Variety Program. Triangle Keystone Comedy
"SEEING AMERICA FIRST"
and a cartoon fills out the program

TUESDAY

Vitagraph. America's Daintiest actress, Anita Stewart, in
"THE GLORY OF YOLANDA"
A dramatic play of how the great white flame of purity burned in the soul of a Russian dancing girl.

DRAWDY'S

- Spring and Summer Hats for Men, Women and Children.
- Granite, Glass and Crockery.
- Men's Made-to-Measure Suits by The Royal Tailors.
- Dry Goods and Notions.
- With a price that's right we can supply your needs.
- Give us a trial. You will be pleased.

The Right Goods *The Right Price*
The Right Treatment

- Call and see our stock.

DRAWDY'S

The Time Has Arrived The Hour Has Struck To Install Plumbing And Bath Fixtures

ST. CLOUD PLUMBING CO.

10th St. bet. Penn. & Florida Aves.

S. J. Triplett Phone 101 Jas. F. Scott

We do only Sanitary Plumbing and guarantee all work

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THE ALCOVE CONFECTIONERY

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Engineers and Surveyors
Sewerage and Drainage, Municipal Work and Location Work, Blue Printing
ST. CLOUD, FLORIDA 25-tf

The Cost of Living Is Still Advancing

Average Increase One Hundred Dollars Per Family In Year

The cost of living is constantly rising. During the month before February 15, reports the April number of the Monthly Review of the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, the combined price of 27 principal foods went up four per cent. Onions led with 77 per cent. Potatoes went 30 per cent. Five articles, flour, rice, raisins, coffee and tea were stationary and eggs was the only food that decreased in price.

Substantially, these articles cover the average table menu. Compared with 1916 retail prices most comestibles are higher. Only three, rice, coffee and tea, were no higher on Februarly 15 than the average price of 1916. Some articles have risen tremendously; others less in proportion. Of those comparatively innocent of swollen value, nine have increased less than ten per cent.

	Aver. 1916	Aver. 1917
Sirloin steak	27.3c	28.7c
Bacon	28.8c	30.7c
Prunes	13.4c	14.1c
Raisins	12.9c	14.1c
Bread	6.5c	7.1c
Milk	9.1c	10.0c
Sugar	8.0c	8.1c
Coffee	29.9c	29.9c
Tea	54.6c	54.6c

Round steak, rib roast, chuck roast, plate boiling beef, ham and canned salmon have increased less than one-eighth in price above the prices averaged in 1916. Lard, eggs, butter, cheese, flour corn meal, potatoes, onions and navy beans have jumped to prices entirely abnormal. So far as it is possible, housekeepers should endeavor to find substitutes for these foods. Many families, it appears, are discarding potatoes in favor of rice and other foods, the prices of which remain more nearly normal.

In 1913 the average family food bill within the United States was found to be $319.30. Like quantities of the same foods in February footed up to $425.54. The greatest element of increase is in potatoes, from $18.96 to $44.69 for 882 pounds. Other heavy increases are in eggs, 83 dozen at $43.07 from $33.01; flour, 454 pounds at $25.40 instead of $15.12; and butter, 117 pounds at $54.78 in place of $45.72. Of the whole list of foods, sirloin and round steak were cheaper in February of 1917, than in 1913.

PLANT VELVET BEANS AGAIN

That velvet beans can be grown successively on the same plot of ground for a number of years, has been proved by the University of Florida experiment station. The results, obtained from a six-year test, show that the production of seed will be reduced gradually, but the vine growth will not be reduced noticeably.

If the velvet beans are planted for soil improvement, and the production of seeds is a secondary consideration, there could be no objection to planting the beans year after year on the same piece of land.

WINTER WHEAT FALLS OFF OVER 50,000,000 BUSHELS; RYE STRONG

Washington.—A prospective slump of more than 50,000,000 bushels in the winter wheat crop, as compared with last year's crop, is the first war feeding problem to confront the country.

Official estimates of the department of agriculture—the first for the 1917 harvest, forecast that much of a decrease, although the acreage is much greater.

Notwithstanding the very heavy decrease in the prospective winter wheat crop, the present production of rye is forecast by the department of agrculture at 60,000,000 bushels, the largest output of that crop ever recorded in the United States. Last year the production of rye was 47,383,000 bushels; in 1915 it was 54,650,000 bushels, and the average of the previous five years was 37,586,000 bushels.

DO MOSQUITOES BOTHER?

It may be that the farmer is not bothered as much by mosquitoes as is the city dweller, but the chances are that he is. Sometimes the places in which these mosquitoes breed are not easily determined. But the farmer can use some of the precautions the city man has found advantageous and rest assured that he will not be increasing the plague of mosquitoes thereby.

Mosquitoes breed in stagnant water. The city dweller has found such water standing in the eaves troughs of his house where the angle necessary for proper drainage is defective. It may be that the troughs have become clogged. Another favorite location for mosqopito breeding is in tin cans that have been thrown into the yard where they catch and retain the rain water. These, says the University of Florida extension division, should be gathered up and buried. One good plan is to cut or punch holes in the bottom of every can before throwing it away.

BIG CATTLE DEAL AT KISSIMMEE.

A Kissimmee dispatch gives the following particulars of a big cittle deal pulled off in that town:

One of the biggest cattle deals consummated in Osceola county in many months took place a few days ago, when Kull Bass, one of the leading cattlemen of this section, disposed of 7,000 hetd, all in one bunch, for which it is said, he received $120,000. Purchasers are said to be from the northern section of the state. Mr. Bass is away from the city for a few days in connection with the deal. Nine train loads, consisting of 287 fine Texas steers, have reached here enroute to the Kissimmee Valley district, where the stock will be placed o nthe 400,000 acre ranch of the Kissimme eIsland Cattle Company. The steers are said to be among the finest ever brought into Florida, weighing up to 2,000 pounds.

LET THE FLAG FLY

Let the flag be unfurled from every building and shown on every breast.

Let the Stars and Stripes be the rallying symbol now when America is put to the test—the test of calmness, of strength, of courage, of leadership.

Let the flag fly!

—Relief Corps.

RYAN BROS. RYAN BROS RYAN BROS RYAN BROS
FURNITURE. FURNITURE
FURNITURE
STOVES HOUSE FURNISHINGS
Pennsylvania Avenue RYAN BROS. St. Cloud Florida
RYAN BROS. RYAN BROS RYAN BROS RYAN BROS.

Colombia's Claim Is Bogus

(Indianapolis Star.)

What are the facts back of the Colombian treaty?

We are urged to pay that republic $25,000,000 for having "taken" Panama. We are told that we must pay the money to keep Colombia's good will and to prevent that nation from co-operating with Germany. The latter, of course, implies that the $25,000,000 is pure blackmail demanded under threat.

This great government is not interested in purchasing the questionable friendship of blackmailers. Neither is it afraid of them. But the blackmail might be put through under the color of being payment for something due to Colombia. What was Colombia's part in the canal negotiations?

Long before Panama was a part of Colombia, we entered into a treaty with New Granada, in 1846, granting to this country the right of free transit across the Isthmus by any mode or means of communication that might be constructed. That included a right to construct a canal. We in turn guaranteed free transit should be uninterrupted and open to all.

Later Panama became one of the federated units of the United States of Colombia. In fifty-seven years, there were fifty-three revolutions in Panama and in six of these, in 1856, in 1860, in 1873, in 1885, in 1901 and in 1902, we had to land troops to protect the Panama railway "and guarantee uninterrupted transit."

A French company, with the acquiescence of the United States, undertook to construct a canal across the Isthmus under a charter from Colombia. It met with financial disaster. Then we set out to complete the canal as a government project. The Hay-Herran treaty was prepared by our representatives and those of Colombia. It granted to Colombia a cash payment of $10,000,000 and $250,000 a year thereafter. We have since paid that money to Panama as the rightful claimant.

We agreed to pay to the French company $40,000,000 for its equipment, the work it had done and any rights it might have in Panama. The French company's rights were about to expire under limitations set by Colombia for the completion of the work.

Colombia conceived the bright idea of postponing action a few months, claiming the forfeiture of the French property and rights and collecting the $40,000,000 from us for these rights. Dictator Marrequin called the Colombian congress in session for a day under instructions to reject the Hay-Herran treaty and then dismissed congress to meet after the $40,000,000 plum was expected to be ripe.

The whole procedure was a hold-up from start to finish. The Colombians tried to hold us up and to confiscate what belonged to the French, and all under the pretense that the sovereignty of their country was involved.

The people of Panama, who had kept quiet in the hope that the treaty would be ratified and the canal built, resented the bartering of their rights and arose in revolt to a man. Not a shot was fired by a single man on the Isthmus in the interest of the Colombian government. President Roosevelt explained in his message to Congress. "Not a life was lost in the accomplishment of the revolution." The Colombian troops on the Isthmus "made common cause with the people of Panama and with astonishing unanimity the new republic was started."

The Colombian government there and then lost any sovereignty it may have maintained so loosely on the Isthmus. The best proof of that is in its offer to us that "if the government of the United States will land troops to preserve Colombian sovereignty" it would declare martial law and "by virtue of vested constitutional authority" let us have whatever we wanted on the Isthmus. It was promised that an extra session of the Colombian congress would be called "with new and friendly members" to ratify the treaty as signed.

Sovereignty has its responsibilities as well as its privileges. It would have been no part of the sovereign right of Colombia to prevent the rest of the world from utilizing a great natural route of trade and travel. That principle was recognized in the treaty under which we were granted the right to transit in return for guaranty of "neutrality and free transit." But Colombia had the unanimous action of the people of Panama, and on its own admission had lost its sovereignty on the Isthmus. It forfeited anything it had had there for us to "take."

The Value of Preparedness

Get vaccinated and do it now!

Florida is suffering from a periodic visitation of smallpox. It is not in epidemic prevalence nor in virulent form, but scattered cases, or groups of cases, exist in various sections of the state. It is insidious and it is contagious and no man can tell when and where it may claim more victims.

Investigation by the health authorities show that the disease was carried from Georgia during the early part of the winter and from this it has been scattered over rather widely separated parts of Florida. Investigation by the same authorities show that in every case in the state, the victim has been an unvaccinated person.

The State Board of Health furnishes vaccine points free of cost to all applicants—fresh, clean points—and the services of the family doctor will complete the immunizing process, without which no person is absolutely safe from a risk of the scourge. The health boards of state, county or city, have not the authority to compel vaccination. It is a matter that rests entirely with the individual to accept or reject, but these same authorities favor, urge, entreat—everything but force—vaccination against smallpox.

Not many days ago a persistent ringing called the state health officer to his phone, and this is what he heard from an anxious female voice: "Doctor, I hear that there is smallpox about. Would you advise me and my children to be vaccinated?" And he replied: "Madam, would you wait until a fire broke out in the next block before you insured your home and all your possessions.

More than a full century has demonstrated the value and the efficiency of this preventive against smallpox, which before that had devastated half of Europe and had taken its toll of millions of human lives, leaving behind other millions of scarred and disgustingly marked remnants of humanity. Yet, with all this wonderful record of a simple remedy, given by the Creator through the instrumentality of a student of scientific cause and effect, we hear peepings of protest against its employment in these modern days. This protest is not an argument—only the squeaks of ignorance and of the lingering weakness of the human intellect.

It is rather remarkable that some humans will accept other accomplishments of science—the telephone, the telegraph, the wireless, even the steam and gas engines demonstrated by daily efficiency and necessary use, and will reject this scientific remedy against a loathsome disease, which was demonstrated years before any of the other discoveries were thought of.

It is possibly even more remarkable that in this age of advanced mental development it should be necessary to argue such a subject, to defend the employment of one of God's greatest gifts to his suffering people.

The use of the preventive of disease is not enforced by law on the books. It is only a moral obligation imposed by the divine law that bids us use every legitimate means for our own highest physical and mental welfare, and by that higher law that commands us to conserve the welfare of our fellow man.

Don't neglect vaccination or satisfy yourself by taking the risk—a valueless form of self-insurance—that the disease will not come near you or yours.

WOMEN OF RUSSIA MAY VOTE

Via London comes a dispatch that states that one of the most notable movements among the politically rejuvenated populace of Petrograd is the growing agitation for the participation of women in the political life of the nation. It is generally believed some form of woman suffrage will be incorporated in the new constitution. Under the old, autocratic sway the women had what was really equal suffrage with men, but as man suffrage was very limited, the fragment of voting was little for either men or women. It would seem strange, indeed, if Russia's new political progress took away the rights women possessed under the old regime. Universal suffrage would be the just course for the plans now being formulated.

LODGE AND CHURCH NOTICES

Christian Science Society
Cor. 11th St. and Mich. Ave.
Sunday Service 10:30 A. M.
Subject: "Doctrine of Atonement."
Testimony meetings Wed., 7:00 P. M.
Reading Room open daily 1:30 to 4:30 P. M.
All Are Cordially Invited

St. Cloud Lodge No. 221, F. & A. M., regular meeting second and fourth Friday evening each month. Visiting brothers cordially invited. Hall corner 10th and Penn. ave.

St. Cloud Garrison No. 141, A. & N. U. Regular meeting first and third Monday at 2 o'clock p. m., in Masonic Hall.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH
Bible school 9:30; morning service 10:30; evening Christian Endeavor 6:00; chart lecture 7:00; Wednesday, prayer meeting. All are cordially invited to all these services.

M. E. Church announcements:—Sunday school at 9:30; sermon at 10:30; Junior League at 2 p. m.; Epworth League at 6 p. m. sermon at 7 p. m.; Prayer meeting every Wednesday at 7 p. m. Rev. G. H. Northrop, pastor.

The Osceola County Republican Club meets at Masonic Hall the first Thursday in every month, at 2 p. m. Everybody invited.
A. M. Doughty, Prest.
20-52t F. B. Munsell, Sec.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
Sabbath school at 9:30 a. m.;
Preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7 p. m.
Christian Endeavor at 6 p. m.
Prayer meeting on Wednesday evening at 7. J. T. W. Stewart, Pastor.

BAPTIST CHURCH
Sunday school at 9:30 a. m., Preaching service at 10:30 a. m. Young People's meeting at 6 p. m. Gospel service at 7 p. m. Prayer service Wednesdays at 7 p. m.

THE FLY IS THE TIE THAT BINDS THE UNHEALTHY TO THE HEALTHY.

The fly has no equal as a germ carrier; as many as five hundred million germs have been found in and on the body of a single fly.

It is definitely known that the fly is the carrier of the germs of typhoid fever; it is widely believed that it is also the carrier of other diseases, including possibly infantile paralysis.

The very presence of a fly is a signal and notification that a housekeeper is uncleanly and inefficient.

Do not wait until the insects begin to pester; anticipate the annoyance.

April, May and June are the best months to conduct an anti-fly campaign.

The farming and suburban districts provide ideal breeding places, and the new-born flies do not remain at their birthplace but migrate, using railroads and other means of transportation, to towns and cities.

Kill flies and save lives!

SET THE BROODY HENS

It is sometimes annoying to have a yard full of broody hens when what you really want is eggs. But it would be good policy to set those hens now, says the University of Florida extension division. Meat prices are advancing. One way to avoid paying the higher prices is to raise farm poultry. Eggs are so cheap now that it would pay to set them. The cost of raising chickens on the farm is reduced to a minimum on account of the natural forage they can have.

Ask W. G. King
St. Cloud, Florida
Notary Public Real Estate
Information Bureau
St. Cloud Development Co. Office

The Delicatessen
Home Cooked and Baked Eatables.
Fresh Fish and Oysters.
Lunches put up to go out.
Coffee put up expressly for us is used and sold by us. Give it a trial.
Finest assortment of candy in city.
Good Service at a Reasonable Price.
All the Latest Papers and Magazines also in Stock
Yours truly,
C. U. KENNEY, Prop.

We Stand Partners For Rights of Man

President Wilson's Message to President of France

President Wilson has sent the following message to President Boincare of France, in reply to the latter's congratulations on Amrica's entrance into the war:

In this trying hour, when the destinies of civilized mankind are in the balance, it has been a source of gratification and joy to me to receive your congratulations upon the step which my country has been constrained to take in opposition to the relentless policy and course of imperialistic Germany.

It is very delightful to us that France, who stood shoulder to shoulder with us of the Western world in our struggle for independence, should now give us such a welcome into the lists of battle as upholders of the freedom and rights of humanity.

We stand as partners of the noble democracies whose aims and acts make for the perpetuation of the rights and freedom of man and for the safeguarding of the true principles of human liberties. In the name of the American people, I salute you and your illustrious countrymen.

Want ads in the St. Cloud Tribune bring good results.

"Sudden pain from over-strain"

Every Housewife or Mother is ever under that Nervous Strain which so often results in Headaches, Dizzy Sensations, Faintness, Depression and other Nervous Disorders.

Dr. Miles' NERVINE is Highly Recommended in Such Cases.

IF FIRST BOTTLE FAILS TO BENEFIT, YOUR MONEY WILL BE REFUNDED.

BADLY RUN DOWN.
"I had become greatly run down and my nerves were in terrible condition. I had frequent headaches and became very weak and was unable to do anything. I bought a bottle of Dr. Miles' Nervine. I soon began to feel better, my nerves were quieted. I recovered my strength and have since recommended Dr. Miles' Nervine to many of my friends who have used it with satisfactory results."
MRS. FRANCES WHITLOCK, 179 Broadway, Schenectady, N. Y.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

IN COURT OF THE COUNTY JUDGE.
STATE OF FLORIDA.

In re Estate of Henry Hockman } Osceola County.

To all Creditors, Legatees, Distributees and all Persons having Claims or Demands against said Estate:

You, and each of you, are hereby notified and required to present any claims and demands which you, or either of you, may have against the estate of Henry Hockman, deceased, late of Osceola County, Florida, to the undersigned administrator of said estate, within two years from the date hereof.

Dated Feb. 24, A. D. 1916.

GEO. W. WOODARD,
Administrator.

30-9t

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

IN COURT OF THE COUNTY JUDGE.
STATE OF FLORIDA.

In re Estate of Henry H. Coble } Osceola County.

To all Creditors, Legatees, Distributees and all Persons having Claims or Demands against said Estate:

You, and each of you, are hereby notified and required to present any claims and demands which you, or either of you, may have against the estate of Henry H. Coble, deceased, late of Osceola County, Florida, to the undersigned executrix of said estate, within two years from the date hereof.

Dated March 28, A. D. 1917.

CAROLINE F. COBLE,
Executrix.

32-9t.

In Circuit Court, State of Florida, Seventh Judicial Circuit, Osceola County, in chancery. Frank Flake, complainant, vs. Margaret Flake, defendant. It appearing by affidavit appended to the bill filed in the above stated cause that Margaret Flake, the defendant therein named, is a resident of the State of Florida and that her present address and place of abode is unknown, and that she is over the age of twenty-one years; it is therefore ordered that said resident defendant be, and is hereby required to appear to the bill of complaint filed in said cause on or before Monday, the 7th day of May, 1917, otherwise the allegations of said bill will be taken as confessed by said defendant. It is further ordered that this order be published once a week for four consecutive weeks in the St. Cloud Tribune, a newspaper published in said county and state, this the 5th day of April, 1917. J. L. Overstreet, Clerk Circuit Court. Circuit Court Seal. Johnston and Garrett, Solicitors for complainant. 32-4t

In Circuit Court, State of Florida, Seventh Judicial Circuit, Osceola County, Florida. In Chancery. Case No. 828. Arthur E. Donegan, complainant, vs. Elizabeth P. Gardner, et al, respondents. Foreclosure of mortgage. Notice of sale. To Elizabeth P. Gardner and I. Sidney Lambert, as trustees, Andre VanderMeersch, Vina VanderMeersch and R. B. Woodham, and all whom it may concern: Notice is hereby given by the undersigned that the undersigned, as special master in chancery heretofore appointed in this case will, acting under a final decree entered herein on the 4th day of April, A. D. 1917, offer for sale and sell at public auction in front of the court house door at Kissimmee, Osceola County, Florida, between the legal hours of sale, on the rule day in May, A. D. 1917, being the 7th day of May, A. D. 1917, for cash to the highest and best bidder for cash therefor, the W½ of the SW¼ of the SW¼ of Sec. 13, Tp. 25 South and R. 29 East, Tallahassee Meridian, Osceola County, Florida. The complainant is, by said decree, authorized to be a bidder at said sale, and to be allowed credit on his bid after paying cost of court and attorney's fees in cash to the amount of the sums due him under said decree. Purchaser shall pay for deed. This 5th day of April, A. D. 1917. J. S. Cadel, as special master in chancery in the above case. 32-4t

RUSSIAN PEOPLE TO USE CZAR'S RICHES TO FINANCE THE WAR

Nicholas II, deposed czar of Russia, is the richest man in the world. His private wealth is not less than $2,000,000,000. In many quarters it is believed a large part of this will be seized by the Russian people to finance the war.

Nicholas Romanoff's wealth is largely invested in foreign bonds and stocks. His American holdings are said to be extensive. It is said he owns $50,000,000 worth of the Pennsylvania railroad's stock. His name does not appear in the list of that corporation's stockholders for obvious reasons. Instead some nominal owners appear.

The deposed czar also owns about 680,000,000 acres of land in Russia. Most of Russia's mineral resources are his private property. Into the czar's private treasury, according to Russian law, one-third of Russia's gold and silver output is annually contributed.

Since the treaty of Portsmouth the Russian empire has occupied 8,647,657 square miles, or one-seventh of the land surfave of the globe. It has a population of about 200,000,000, or fewer than twenty-five to the square mile.

Nominally the autocrat "owns" both land and people, but he and his family out of the immense total of 948,063,763 acres actually own and receive the revenue from 680,938,927 acres, about 70 per cent of the whole land area of Russia—one-tenth that of the world. The balance, or 267,124,836 acres, is distributed as follows, according to the 1910 report of the department of agriculture, the latest.

	Acres
Nobility	181,606,519
Merchants	36,321,303
Peasants	35,141,886
Landed proprietors	8,381,839
Other classes	5,673,289
Total	267,124,836

The nobility number about 1,400,000, the agricultural classes (peasants and landed proprietor), 110,000,000. Thus the tiller of the soil and the tax payer possess on the average about one-third of an acre; the Russian nobleman, who does not pay taxes, possesses on an average some 128.

To put the cae in another form: From every 384 loaves of bread produced by the Russian agriculturist the noble land owner alone takes away some 383 loaves for himself, leaving one loaf for the producer, from which the latter has yet to devote a part to satisfy the state or autocratic tax collector.

Nobody knows exactly the amount of the czar's enormous income. The expenditure of some of it is traceable to certain public works whose budgets are a matter of public record, and a large part is known to be absorbed by his family and their dependents, who number abouht 3,000 and are entirely apart from the noble class, which has no Romanoff affiliation. The czar has an annual salary of $12,500,000. Besides this enormous revenue he derives yet another annual income from his private estates and mines, the latter being worked by common and political convicts.

According to the Almanach Hachette the czar ejoys an annual income of $42,500,000, or $85 per minute.

All this in addition to the income from the Romanoff property of 680,938,927 acres, 32,000,000 acres of which are at present productive. This yields an annual revenue of $10,000,000.50. This sum goes for the support of the grand dukes and grand duchesses, who number 46, many of whom draw yet other incomes from private sources, or from various posts occupied in the army and navy, or in the general administration of the bureaucracy.

The Russian autocracy has been, therefore, not only a political form of government, but a tremendously paying business for the autocrat himself and all his relations, near and remote.

Old Confeds Fight For the Flag

"Because two Confederate veterans waged war on its enemies—and carried the field in a whoop—the American flag today flies with a prouder ripple in a little village not far from the ancient capital of the Confederacy. Furthermore, a couple of husky Germans have reason to believe that the spirit of Ameria—even that living in the 'rebels of '61—still has a punch.

"'Just wait until the United States declares war on Germany, and we'll show 'em how quick we'll wipe 'em up,' remarked one of the Teutons, as the precious pair stepped into a country store a few days ago.

"The two old southern warriors were sitting by the stove, smoking their pipes and recounting experiences in the time when they fought the most effective fight against the Stars and Stripes.

"'Yes, I think we'll make short work of it,' answered the second German. 'All we are waiting for is a declaration of war.'"

"The Confederate veterans looked at each other and rose to their feet. The old-time fighting spirit showed itself in every line of their faces.

"'Well, if a declaration of war is all you're waiting for,' shouted one, 'you'll get it right now. War is declared.'"

"With this, the grizzled warriors charged the Germans with all the fury they showed at Chancellorsville. The keeper of the store joined the avenging forces. Within the space of a minute or two the Teutons sued for peace, and the veterans of Lee left another field victorious."—Richmond Times-Dispatch.

OUR POTATO CROP

It Allows Each of Us One Every Three Days This Year

One potato every three days to each person in the United States, instead of one potato every day, is the limit allowed by the 1916 crop, according to Eugene H. Grubb, the "potato king," and owner of extensive potato lands near Carbondale, Col. His figures are based upon an average of 100 potatoes per bushel and a total production of 250,000,000 bushels, which means only a bushel and a peck, or 128 potatoes, this year for each American.

"In knowledge of potato culture and fertility of the soil farmers in the United States are from forty to fifty years behind the farmers of Europe. The potato crop is the most difficult one to grow. This vegetable is most easily affected by bad soil and weather conditions," said Mr. Grubb.

"If farmers of America studied the raising of potatoes their crops would average from 200 to 250 bushels an acre, instead of 80 bushels, as at present. Some of the best farmers abroad make their lands yield as high as 500 and even 700 an acre. When we do this we will see material decreases in the celebrated high cost of living.'

If the cost of living is too high, boycott some of the things for which you have been spending freely so that you can pay the farmer his price for his products.

County Agents' Reports

Citrus County: Our hardware merchants say they cannot get planters fast enough to supply the demand in this county.

Holmes County: There have been fourteen car loads of cattle and two car loads of hogs shipped from the county in the last sixteen weeks.

Marion County: It seems certain that Marion county will have a modern packing plant to cost, for the plant alone, $100,000. This plant will be located in Ocala and will be owned by local people.

Nassau County: The livestock and farm loan associations are both growing in membership and the livestock men are becoming greatly interested in tick eradication. One farmer at Evergreen has just completed a dipping vat.

Seminole County: Fungus diseases are attacking the plants quite generally here, due to the weakened condition of the plants which survived the cold. The agent is getting bids from contractors for the erection of about ten 100-ton silos for this season.

Jackson County: One man in Grand Ridge is offering to buy all of the sorghum syrup the farmers will produce in that section this year, paying sugar-cane syrup prices for it. Twenty-seven car loads of cane syrup were shipped from that station last season.

Brevard County: We have two power sprayers at work in the county this week, one for citrus and the other for vegetables. The citrus sprayer is the direct result of spraying demonstration conducted in one community last season. Both sprayers will be used extensively this season.

Clay County: Two car loads of young Hereford bulls were shipped into this county recently. They came from Texas and were imported for breeding purposes. We have a spring demonstration in oats planted February 2 in 18-inch drills. The crop has been worked over twice with a weeder and it is looking fine.

Lee County: Crops are looking good in this county. There is considerable blight showing in the Irish potato patches but these are being sprayed. Several farmers are planting corn and peas and are treating the seed to observe the effect. In this section the farmers are depending on the staple crops in their work this year.

Brevard County: Our recent county fair was a success. The money heretofore given by the county board to some carnival company was used for prizes in the farmers' exhibit and was appreciated. The agricultural exhibits were made by farmers' associations instead of individuals, this year, and proved to have additional interest.

Alachua County: Farmers in this county are gradually getting rid of the stumps on their farms and are buying better implements. The demand for planters is such that the dealers can not supply the demand just now. Several of the farmers have bought riding cultivators. One of the large stock farms in this county has sold recently one hundred head of beef cattle.

Lake County: The county agent was called to several citrus groves near Clermont to advise the growers on spraying for thrips, etc. He found that the cold weather in February had not damaged the trees, and in South Clermont, on high elevations, the groves were in full bloom and the fruit the size of peas had set.

St. Johns County: A party of bankers, farmers and county commissioners from a neighboring county visited this county recently to look over the potato ditrict and to see some of the best stock in the county. One farmer bought $205 worth of pigs while on the trip, and others bargained for a number to be delivered as soon as weaned.

Marion County: A number of farmers visited this county recently to see the livestock and to learn how the animals are managed to best advantage. The county agent showed them six farms with at least $25,000 worth of livestock. The breeds represented were, Jersey, Holstein, Polled Angus, Hereford and Shorthorn, purebreds and grades, as fine as there are in the state.

Duval County: The county agent is laying special stress on the necessity of every farmer growing every possible thing he can in the nature of home supplies for himself and livestock. There'll be more garden truck grown in Jacksonville back yards than ever before. Two sacks of government garden seeds have been given out from my office, and nine out of every ten people who got them live within the city limits.

Brevard County: The results of the farm tour made by several farmers of this county to farms in other counties, were very gratifying. Another tour is planned for next month, when a large party will make the same trip. The tours are organized through the agricultural associations for the purpose of interesting all farmers and bankers in the production of more and better livestock, and the people as a whole in the campaign to eradicate the cattle fever tick.

KILL FLIES AND SAVE LIVES

Kill at once every fly you can find and burn his body.

Observers say that there are many reasons to believe that there will be more flies this season than for a number of years.

The killing of just one fly NOW means there will be billions and trillions less next summer.

Clean up your premises; see and insist that your neighbors do likewise.

Especially clean "out-of-the-way-places," and every nook and cranny.

Flies will not go where there is nothing to eat, and their principal diet is too filthy to mention.

TIME FOR VELVET BEANS TO BE PLANTED

Early varieties of velvet beans may be sown as late as June 1 and a fair yield procured. They are more likely to be attacked by the caterpillar than if planted earlier, so the late planting is not advised. But there is plenty of time to plant them this spring and the University of Florida extension division is urging the farmers to give them a prominent place in their farming operations.

Nine varieties of velvet beans were planted at the experiment station on May 3, 1915, plantings being made at equal depths and distances. Of the early varieties the Georgia had matured its pods by September 9, the Vakulla had matured its pods by September 12 and the Apopka had matured by September 14. Of the medium early varieties, the Osceola had matured pods by September 25.

RAINBOW-HUED SHOES COMING, DEALERS SAY

Leather is So Scarce Cloth Will Be Used More, With Greater Color Variety

The all-leather shoe will soon be almost extinct, according to an announcement of the executive committee of the National Retail Shoe Dealers' Association in New York. Cloth is to be substituted, but as cloth is plentiful the shot top will henceforth creep two inches higher above milady's ankle and will appear in colors heretofore tabooed in the shoe trade.

In view of the embarrassment that may follow this departure the association will appoint a committee to instruct buyers throughout the country relative to the proper combinations of colors. It being presumed that many small retailers would not know whether red and pink, for instance, would be popular in their particular cities.

An official said: "Today we can procure hides only from Russia and India, and this is done only after great difficulty. We have sufficient leather to meet the demand, but it will be necessary to substitute cloth for leather in shot tops in the majority of cases. Shoes will not, however, increase materially in price. During the past year shoes have increased in price about ten per cent, but the price of leather has increased about 100 per cent.

"By next fall, I should say, a shoe costing $5 today will sell for about $6 or $6.50. They will not get any cheaper, but the crest of the wave of high shoe prices has almost been reached."

S. W. PORTER. S. W. PORTER. S. W. PORTER.

Real Estate Insurance

S. W. PORTER

Ground Lime Rock St. Cloud, Fla.

S. W. PORTER. S. W. PORTER. S. W. PORTER.

LAMB'S REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE

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Supreme Test Of the Nation

President Wilson Appeals to Farmers, Particularly in the South to Plant Foodstuffs

President Wilson in an address to his fellow countrymen called upon every American citizen—man, woman and child—to join together to make the nation a unit for the preservation of its ideals and for triumph of democracy in the world war.

"The supreme test of the nation has come," says the address. "We must all speak, act and serve togesher.†

The president urges all the people to concentrate the energies, practice economy, prove unselfishness and demonstrate efficiency.

He appealed to the farmers with emphasis on his words and particularly to the farmers of the South, to plant food stuffs. The Southern farmers, he said, "can show their patriotism in no better or more convincing way than by resisting the great temptation of the present price of cotton and helping to feed the nations and the peoples everywhere fighting for their liberties and our own."

AN APPEAL FOR HOME THRIFT AND PREPAREDNESS

(By W. A. McRae, Commissioner of Agriculture.)

The country is now involved in the world's greatest and most appalling war. It is no time for apathy, indifference and insensibility. The war will test us to the utmost. It will call men from the farms, where they are sorely needed. Our army and navy, and the vast non-producing population of the cities must be fed. The food shortage in the countries we have joined in war is alarming. We must help to support them and maintain ourselves.

We can not do this unless there is marked increase in our production of food stuff. Lean harvests last year caused a shortage in the reserves of wheat, and the past winter's wheat crop is in bad condition. The usual supply of canned goods is short. There are fewer beef animals in the country than twenty years ago. There is already hunger in American cities.

Investigations by the United States Department of Agriculture discloses astounding facts. It is shown that 12 tate of the South, in which cotton is a staple, buy a billion and a third of dollars worth of food crops from the North, in hay, corn, meat, butter and other necessities, which in large part can be produced at home. Florida's total in purchases is put at $83,000,000. This means that we send away more than $85 for each man, woman and child in the state to buy food. Had we lived within ourselves as we should have done, what a vast sum could have been added to deposits in our banks instead of those in Chicago and New York, where single banks have more money than in the 250 banks in Florida combined.

All the surplus wheat and grain in the West will be needed this year to feed our army and help feed those of our allies, whose women and children are hungry and in mourning for their dead. Prices will be insufferably high in the South this year if we do not act with promptness.

Florida is an agricultural state, and yet we are not feeding ourselves, and the source from whence we have been getting supplies can send us little or none this year. Instances in multiplied numbers can be given as to what we can do in this bountifully favored state. Let me cite what the boys and girls are doing. In 1916 the 450 boys of the corn clubs in 41 counties made an average of 42 bushels of corn to the acre, or three times the average produced by their fathers. In 32 counties 742 girls in canning clubs made an average profit of $14.22 in vegetables on each of their tenths of an acre, or an average of $150 net profit to the acre. The ten highest contestants made an average profit of $100.50 each and the average yield of vegetables for each girl was 3,901 pounds. The total number of cans put up was 179,054.

Let me urge that all kinds of vegetables and fruits be conserved this year. Preserve any surplus, however small, for later use. Waste nothing. Let commercial bodies, banks and merchants offer prizes in their counties to girls to encourage the canning habit.]

Parents who want information about boys corn and pig clubs should write to Prof. C. K. McQuarrie, Gainesville, or about girls' canning clubs to Miss Agnes Ellen Harris, Tallahassee.

For our state's good and the nation's good let our farmers do their best this year, and they will do a sound service in the patriotic duty before them of helping to feed the nations.

N. Y. Vets Association

The New York Veterans' Association held their regular meeting on Tuesday, April 10th, in Oak Grove Park, at 2 p. m. After partaking of a fine lunch, served by the ladies, called to order and opened by singing America, and prayer by the Rev. G. H. Northrop. Song, Long, Long Ago. Minutes of previous meeting read and approved. Resolutions on the death of Comrade S. E. Hill were read and adopted. Next meeting to be held in the park, weather proving favorable, otherwise will be in Masonic room, Pennsylvania avenue and Tenth street. The program was then taken up by Mrs. Nancy A. Stillwell, as follows:

Song by choir and audience, the Red, White and Blue.

An extended talk by Mr. Northrop on the many discoveries being made.

Singing by Mrs. Depew, Florida.

Recitation by Nina Carey, New York.

Violin and banjo music by Comrades Jones and Worrill.

Reading by Mrs. A. Hill, The Good Old Days of Adam and Eve.

Recitation by Mrs. Marskie, St. Cloud, Florida, Good Enough For Me.

Recitation by Mrs. Francher, My Country.

Recitation by Mrs. L. J. Davies, The African Chief.

Reading by Mrs. E. E. Williams, Let the Old World Roll.

Music on dulcimer, by Comrade Martin.

Reading by Comrade Beauchamp, Your Flag and My Flag.

Recitation by Mr. Wood, The Last of the Mohawks.

Reading by Z. Wetherstin, Ay Ban the Swede From North Dakota.

Meeting closed by singing The Old Army Bean.

There were present 65 people.

Amelia Robinson, Press Cor.

Meeting Elsie P. McElroy Auxiliary

The Elsie P. McElroy Auxiliary No. 17, of the Army and Navy Union, held their regular meeting at their rooms in Masonic Hall, Pennsylvania avenue and Tenth street. Minutes of the previous meeting read and approved. Lady Commander Mary N. Hill was in the chair.

There was a large attendance, and several new applications were handed in for membership in the Union.

Business being dispensed with, a recess of ten minutes was allowed. The program was taken up by the committee, the same being Lady Comrade Helen E. Roby, and the program was rendered, which consisted of recitations and songs by several of the members. The meeting was then adjourned until Monday, April 26, at 2 o'clock. All members please attend.

Mrs. E. Vreeland, Press Cor.

To Owners in Sec. 3-26-30

I am open to purchase at reasonable rates any one-and-a-quarter-acre tracts in this section.

W. G. KING 30-tfp **St. Cloud, Fla.**

Ohio Association

The Ohio Association met in the old G. A. R. hall on Wednesday, April 11th, at 2 p. m. The meeting was called to order by the president, Mr. Brown. Then followed a song, America, by all. Prayer by our chaplain, Mrs. Kenney. Song, Battle Hymn of the Republic. Reading of the minutes of previous meeting.

Mr. Cole requested that business of February meeting be published now, President Brown ruled that it is now too late.

Mr. Cole offered to give the Ohio Association a gavel.

President Brown spoke of the social good fellowship of our Ohio people here.

Mr. Brown then took charge of the program, first making a speech, entitled "Unpatriotic People." Then followed a talk by Mr. Cole, and a reading on Patriotism by Mr. Cole, entitled Marching Through Georgia.

Talk by Mr. Dunlap, Keep Liberty Before Us as Our Aim: let us stand for liberty and union now and forever."

Music by Mr. Hendricks and John Andrist.

Talk on Ohio, by Mr. Sheffield.

Talk, Trust in God to uphold us because we are in the right, Mrs. Kenney. Song, Thank God for Our Country.

Address, The Right Arm of the Grand Army, by Mrs. Marskie.

Fraternity, Charity, Loyalty! Rev. Brown expressed his confident anticipation that the women of today would prove as loyal as the women of the sixties.

Talk by Mr. Wm. Empson, The Loyalty of the Women of the Sixties.

A rising vote of thanks was given the drum corps for their faithfulness.

Song, the Red, White and Blue.

Closing prayer by Rev. Brown.

Mrs. Severance is our next leader.

As one, I would say I am loyal to my country. I want all evils that are destroying the health and morals of our nation to be wiped out of our country. I would urge the men forward in a warfare against these enemies of our country, even though they must lay down their life. True patriotism plans and works for the welfare of the people of one's own country, making it a safe place to live.

Veterans' Association

The Veterans Association met on April 14, at 2 p. m. President Kenney's army legs having improved, he was able to be present and presided in his usual pleasant manner.

America was sung by the audience. Prayer by Chaplain Westcott. Minutes of last meeting read and amended by changing the name of Judd, violinist, to Comrade Jones.

St. Cloud yell given and a chorus by Tom H. Allen. No visitors responded to invitation to come and be introduced. The President gave notice he planted the one remaining potato in his garden and expected to have a crop to turn over to the W. R. C. in near future.

Collection taken amounting to $3.03.

My Maryland was sung by the choir.

The meeting was here turned over to Mrs. Deschner, who wes in charge of the social hour, as follows.

Violin music by Comrade Hendrix andComrade Jones, accompanied on the piano by Miss Harrod. They were encored and gave a second number.

Reading by Mrs. Marskie, entitled A Daughter of the Confederacy wanting to have charge of the Arlington Cemetery.

In order to place properly on record, the secretary asked all who were in favor of granting their request to say yes. No response. The he asked all who opposed to say No. It was answered unanimously with a loud "No."

A song by Mr. Durham. He was heartily encored, but the gentleman made his escape.

Piano solo by Miss Harrod. She was encored and gave a second number, upon completion of which she received great applause.

Recitation by Miss Golda Groves, entitled Grumble Corner. Encored and responded with a second piece.

Dulcimer music by Mr. Martin. Encored and gave a second number, being heartily applauded.

Recitation by Miss Chase entitled It's Up to You, being the young lady's second attempt before a large audience, she was a little embarrassed. She will outgrow that and become one of our best. Keep at it; it takes courage.

Some on the program failing to respond the chairman called on Comrade J. L. Brown, who began by stating that in these war times we needed more patriotism mixed in, and took for his subject the fidelity to duty of the boys in blue. He gave a sketch of Wilder's Brigade crossing the Chattahoochee river in the face of a Confederate force. A comrade arose and stated he was one who crossed the river, and Comrade had given a good description of the crossing.

A farewell address by Comrade Allen, who sang God Be With You Till We Meet Again, the audience joining with him.

A short address by Comrade A. A. Martin.

Mrs. Deschner had a good program and handled it nicely. All did extra well.

Next Saturday the W. C. T. U. will have the program and we expect they will have, as usual, an intelligent uplifting program. Come and see and hear for yourselves.

After singing The Star Spangled Banner the meeting adpourned to meet again Saturday, April 21st.

J. L. Brown, Sec.

Greatest Battle In World's History

Now in Progress on Western Front, French and British Pressing Teutons Back

Along a 150-mile front battle line, French and British are pushing back the German armies in a titanic struggle for the mastery of the western front. Stepping into the fray after the British had been hammering the German lines in the Arras region to bits for a week, the French struck on a 25-mile front along the Aisne, carried the German positions to an average depth of from 2 to 2½ miles, captured more than 10,000 prisoners and maintained all the ground won. Last night after the great success of their initial rush, General Nivelle's forces occupied themselves with consolidating their new positions and resisting German counter attacks. All these assaults were repulsed and in the Ailles region, west of Craonne, the Germans suffered heavy losses. Their total casualties, all told, in the first 24 hours of fighting are estimated at 100,000 men.

Both British and French reports today indicate that continuation of the operations is hampered by bad weather. Nevertheless the British pushed forward in the region between St. Quentin and Cambrai, advancing east of Epihy to Le Tombois farm, within two and a half miles of La Catelet, where they threatened to cut the St. Quentin-Cambrai main line of communication.

The strategic outlines of the great Anglo-French attack have been worked out in complete harmony. Dispatches indicate entire co-operation in pheing and timing the blows so as to isure their greatest effectiveness. In a broad way it may be judged that the French now have for their immediate objective the isolation of the important railway center of Laon, to turn the southern end of the Hindenburg line.

The British have already pierced this line at the north. The joint operation apparently is aimed at rolling up the present German front in an effort to compel a retirement on a greater scale than any yet witnessed on the western front since the battle of the Marne. Operations in other sectors of this front and the other war areas are at present of secondary importance, although the French activity further west in the Champagne and the Alsace Lorraine district will bear close watch for possible important developments.

A German account admits the importance of the battle now in progress, and seems to practically admit defeat. It says:

"One of the greatest battles in the mighty war, and therefore in the history of the world," says the official statement issued by the war office staff, "is in progress on the River Aisne."

"The artillery fight, which was continued today, levelled the positions and produced wide, deep craters, rendering an obstinate defense no longer possible. The fighting no longer is against a line but over quite a deep and irregular fortified zone.

"The battle sways backward and forward around our foremost positions, our object being if the war material is lost, to spare the lives of our forces and to inflict heavy sanguinary losses and thus decisively weaken the enemy. This was achieved.

CHURCH NOTICE

The Union Christian services will be held in Oak Grove Park every Sunday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, when the weather is fine, and in the hall when it is stormy or cold.

Wm. P. Lynch, Sec.

German submarines have sunk during the war a grand total of 686 neutral vessels, including nineteen Americans, and have attacked unsuccessfully seventy-nine others, including eight American, according to an official tabulation given out at the state department and complete up to April 3. Since the German war zone went into effect on February 1, more than one-third of the vessels sunk have been neutral and a large number of other vessels have been terrorized into staying in port.

No estimate is available of the number of lives lost on neutral vessels, but it is known to have been large. Official reports show that about 250 Americans have been lost on neutral and belligerent steamers together.

An entire family of Jacksonville, consisting of husband, wife and two sons, have enlisted in the navy service. The wife is signed up to render service in the recruiting department.

Miss Sadie Leon, of Key West, has enlisted in the U. S. navy and has been assigned to duty at the Naval Station in Key West.

Eight people were seriously injured in a series of auto accidents in Miami last Friday afternoon, but the speed mania must be satisfied.

At a mass meeting in Tampa Wednesday night of negroes, resolutions were adopted pledging the negroes of Tampa to raise 500 men for the National Guards.

Cucumbers are king of the vegetable world, so far as Wauchula is concerned. They are now leaving by the solid car load and are bringing growers $3.25 per crate at the station. Considering that four hundred crates per acre is but an average yield, this is some price for water wrapped up in a dark-green skin.

Don't let interest in the war interfere with charity work. The Children's Home Society of Florida must have the support of generous citizens to carry on its great work.

If the vote in the legislature is any sort of an index as to how the vote will stand on the adoption of the prohibition constitutional amendment, Florida is destined to become the bone dryest state in the Union.—Ocala Banner.

To fire a single shot from a 16-inch rifle costs more than enough to pay the wages of a private soldier in the regular army for five long years.

Priscilla Club

The Priscilla Club met at the home of Mrs. J. F. Daniels last Friday afternoon. Before the opening of the meeting the ladies were busy tearing and sewing rags till the time was up for the meeting to begin. The president, Mrs. Sagy, took the chair with sixteen members and five visitors present. "Sweet Hour of Prayer was sung with Mrs. Kashbaum at the piano, and a prayer offered by Mrs. Northrop. Minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved. The proceeds of the Easter sale was announced to amount to $18.20. Mrs. Harris donated 50 cents. Mrs. Zimmerman gave 20 cents on the tithing plan. Miss McAllison handed in $3.75 from the sale of Lyceum tickets.

Mrs. Philpott suggested to the club that on a certain day we ask our neighbors and friends if they have any clothes to be cleaned and pressed, to take them to R. W. Davis' Sanitary Pressing Shop and to have them cleaned, etc. We get a commission, which is to go into our club fund. The suggestion was accepted and the exact date will be announced later. 70 cents was realized from the afternoon collection.

The meeting adjourned and was turned over to the hostess, Mrs. Daniels, who served fine and toothsome popcorn. Everyone enjoyed it very much. The next meeting will be in charge of Mesdames Johnson and McGill, at the Rest Haven, corner Massachusetts avenue and Eighth street, April 27th, at its usual time.

Mrs. Frank E. Philpott, Cor. Sec.

WANT ADS

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE—100 acres, ready for the plow; house, 7 rooms; large barn; ¼ mile of church; 3 stores, postoffice, depot; one crop should pay for it; fine opportunity for subdivision. E. L. Hames, St. Cloud. 11-tf

FOR SALE—On Alligator Lake, 20 acres; lots 34, 47, 48, 53. All grubbed, wire fenced; small house and barn. Want full value but will sell on any kind of terms. Go and see. Address Tribune, Ranch known as Dr. Beardsley. 29-tf

LOOK—For Sale Cheap, two lots, Cranston, Penn Ave. and 5th St. 26-tf

ONE CORNER Lot in good part of town; one 5-acre tract, unimproved; price $150. Box 667. 28tf

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FOR SALE—House on Connecticut Ave. Bargain if taken at once. Apply John Armstrong City. 23-tf

FOR SALE—Beautiful home, two miles from Winter Haven, Fla.; ten acres in oranges and grapefruit; ten acres truck and pasture land; five room house. Write J. H. Pike for price and further information. Eagle Lake, Fla. 21-tf

FOR TRADE

FOR TRADE—Lot 69, S. 17, T. 25, R. 30, and Lot 2, Blk. 149, for a Ford auto. One mile west of St. Cloud. No better 5-acre tract in Florida. Title O. K. Address J. B. W. Bennington, Fort Lauderdale, Fla. 30-3tp

MISCELLANEOUS

JOIN the Red, White and Blue Scouts. Boys and girls both eligible. Osceola County troop now forming. Address J. H. Chandler, New Casino Virginia. 34-4tp

PICKING STRAWBERRIES IN ST. CLOUD